FEDERAL ACQUISITION CIRCULAR

February 26, 2016

Number 2005-85 Effective February 26, 2016 Loose-leaf pages

Federal Acquisition Circular (FAC) 2005-85 is issued under the authority of the Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of General Services, and the Administrator for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

Unless otherwise specified, all Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and other directive material contained in FAC 2005-85 is effective December 4, 2015 except for items I and III which are effective February 26, 2016, and item V which is effective January 4, 2016.

FAC 2005-85 FILING INSTRUCTIONS Revised pages

NOTE: The following pages reflect FAR amendments. Please do not file these pages until their effective date of February 26, 2016.

Remove Pages	Insert Pages
1.1-3 thru 1.1-8	1.1-3 thru 1.1-8
4.12-1 and 4.12-2	4.12-1 and 4.12-2
Part 9 TOC pp. 9-1 and 9-2 9.1-1 thru 9.1-6	Part 9 TOC pp. 9-1 and 9-2 9.1-1 thru 9.1-8
12.3-1 and 12.3-2	12.3-1 and 12.3-2
22.13-1 and 22.13-2	22.13-1 and 22.13-2
Part 52 TOC pp. 52.1 thru 52.2 52.2-11 thru 52.2-12.2 52.2-20.1 thru 52.2-26 52.2-29 thru 52.2-32 52.2-34.3 thru 52.2-42.2 52.2-119 thru 52.2-122 52.2-263 and 52.2-264	Part 52 TOC pp. 52.1 thru 52.2 52.2-11 thru 52.2-12.2 52.2-20.1 thru 52.2-26 52.2-29 thru 52.2-32 52.2-34.3 thru 52.2-42.4 52.2-119 thru 52.2-122 52.2-263 and 52.2-264
Matrix pp. 52.3-5 thru 52.3-8	Matrix pp. 52.3-5 thru 52.3-8

1.104 Applicability.

The FAR applies to all acquisitions as defined in <u>Part 2</u> of the FAR, except where expressly excluded.

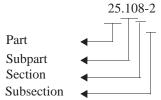
1.105 Issuance.

1.105-1 Publication and code arrangement.

- (a) The FAR is published in—
 - (1) The daily issue of the Federal Register;
- (2) Cumulated form in the *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR); and
 - (3) A separate loose-leaf edition.
- (b) The FAR is issued as Chapter 1 of Title 48, CFR. Subsequent chapters are reserved for agency acquisition regulations that implement or supplement the FAR (see <u>Subpart 1.3</u>). The CFR Staff will assign chapter numbers to requesting agencies.
- (c) Each numbered unit or segment (*e.g.*, part, subpart, section, etc.) of an agency acquisition regulation that is codified in the CFR shall begin with the chapter number. However, the chapter number assigned to the FAR will not be included in the numbered units or segments of the FAR.

1.105-2 Arrangement of regulations.

- (a) *General*. The FAR is divided into subchapters, parts (each of which covers a separate aspect of acquisition), subparts, sections, and subsections.
- (b) *Numbering*.(1) The numbering system permits the discrete identification of every FAR paragraph. The digits to the left of the decimal point represent the part number. The numbers to the right of the decimal point and to the left of the dash represent, in order, the subpart (one or two digits), and the section (two digits). The number to the right of the dash represents the subsection. Subdivisions may be used at the section and subsection level to identify individual paragraphs. The following example illustrates the make-up of a FAR number citation (note that subchapters are not used with citations):



(2) Subdivisions below the section or subsection level consist of parenthetical alpha numerics using the following sequence:

(a)(1)(i)(A)(1)(i)

- (c) References and citations.(1) Unless otherwise stated, cross-references indicate parts, subparts, sections, subsections, paragraphs, subparagraphs, or subdivisions of this regulation.
- (2) This regulation may be referred to as the Federal Acquisition Regulation or the FAR.

- (3) Using the FAR coverage at 9.106-4(d) as a typical illustration, reference to the—
- (i) Part would be "FAR part 9" outside the FAR and "part 9" within the FAR.
- (ii) Subpart would be "FAR subpart 9.1" outside the FAR and "subpart 9.1" within the FAR.
- (iii) Section would be "FAR 9.106" outside the FAR and "9.106" within the FAR.
- (iv) Subsection would be "FAR 9.106-4" outside the FAR and "9.106-4" within the FAR.
- (v) Paragraph would be "FAR 9.106-4(d)" outside the FAR and "9.106-4(d)" within the FAR.
- (4) Citations of authority (e.g., statutes or Executive orders) in the FAR shall follow the *Federal Register* form guides.

1.105-3 Copies.

Copies of the FAR in *Federal Register*, loose-leaf, CD-ROM, and CFR form may be purchased from the—

Superintendent of Documents Government Printing Office (GPO) Washington, DC 20402.

1.106 OMB approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35) imposes a requirement on Federal agencies to obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) before collecting information from 10 or more members of the public. The information collection and recordkeeping requirements contained in this regulation have been approved by the OMB. The following OMB control numbers apply:

FAR segment	OMB Control Number
3.103	9000-0018
3.4	9000-0003
3.11	9000-0181
4.102	9000-0033
<u>4.5</u>	9000-0137
4.605	9000-0145
4.607	9000-0145
4.7	9000-0034
4.9	9000-0097
4.14	9000-0177
4.17	9000-0179
5.405	9000-0036
<u>7.2</u>	9000-0082
8.5	9000-0113
9.1	9000-0011
9.2	9000-0020
14.201	9000-0034
14.202-4	9000-0040
14.202-5	9000-0039
14.205	9000-0037

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FAR segment	OMB Control Number	FAR segment	OMB Control Number
14.407	9000-0038	48	9000-0027
14.5	9000-0041	$\overline{49}$	9000-0028
15.2	9000-0037	48 49 50	9000-0029
15.209	9000-0034	51.1	9000-0031
15.4	9000-0013	51.2	9000-0032
15.404-1(f)	9000-0080	52.203-2	9000-0018
15.407-2	9000-0078	52.203-7	9000-0091
15.408	9000-0115	52.203-13	9000-0164
19.7	9000-0006 and	52.203-16	9000-0181
	9000-0007	52.204-3	9000-0097
22.103	9000-0065	52.204-6	9000-0145
22.8	1250-0003	52.204-7	9000-0159
22.11	9000-0066	52.204-10	9000-0177
22.12	1235-0007 and	52.204-12	9000-0145
	1235-0025	52.204-13	9000-0159
		52.204-14	9000-0179
22.14	1250-0005	52.204-15	9000-0179
<u>22.16</u>	1215-0209	<u>52.204-16</u>	9000-0185
<u>22.17</u>	9000-0188	<u>52.204-17</u>	9000-0185
23.602	9000-0107	<u>52.204-18</u>	9000-0185
25.302	9000-0184	<u>52.207-3</u>	9000-0114
<u>27.2</u>	9000-0096	<u>52.208-8</u>	9000-0113
<u>27.3</u>	9000-0095	<u>52.208-9</u>	9000-0113
<u>27.4</u>	9000-0090	<u>52.209-1</u> (b)	9000-0020
<u>28.1</u>	9000-0045	<u>52.209-1</u> (c)	9000-0083
<u>28.2</u>	9000-0045	<u>52.209-5</u>	9000-0094
<u>29.304</u>	9000-0059	<u>52.209-6</u>	9000-0094
<u>30.6</u>	9000-0129	<u>52.209-7</u>	9000-0174
31.205-46	9000-0079	<u>52.209-9</u>	9000-0174
31.205-46(a)(3)	9000-0088	<u>52.209-10</u>	9000-0190
<u>32</u>	9000-0035	<u>52.209-11</u>	9000-0193
<u>32.000</u>	9000-0138	<u>52.209-12</u>	9000-0193
<u>32.1</u>	9000-0070 and	<u>52.211-8</u>	9000-0043
	9000-0138	<u>52.211-9</u>	9000-0043
<u>32.2</u>	9000-0138	<u>52.212-1</u> (k)	9000-0159
<u>32.4</u>	9000-0073	<u>52.212-3</u>	9000-0136
<u>32.5</u>	9000-0010 and	<u>52.212-4</u> (t)	9000-0159
	9000-0138	<u>52.214-14</u>	9000-0047
<u>32.7</u>	9000-0074	52.214-15	9000-0044
<u>32.9</u>	9000-0102	52.214-16	9000-0044
<u>32.10</u>	9000-0138	52.214-21	9000-0039
33	9000-0035	52.214-26	9000-0034
<u>36.213-2</u>	9000-0037	52.214-28	9000-0013
36.603	9000-0157	$\frac{52.215-1}{20.00000000000000000000000000000000000$	9000-0048
41.202(c)	9000-0125	<u>52.215-1</u> (d)	9000-0044
42.7	9000-0013	<u>52.215-2</u>	9000-0034
42.12	9000-0076	<u>52.215-6</u>	9000-0047
42.13	9000-0076	<u>52.215-9</u>	9000-0078
45	9000-0075	<u>52.215-12</u>	9000-0013
45 46 47	9000-0077	<u>52.215-13</u>	9000-0013
4 / 47 209	9000-0061	<u>52.215-14</u> 52.215-10	9000-0080
<u>47.208</u>	9000-0056	<u>52.215-19</u>	9000-0115

FAR segment	OMB Control Number	FAR segment	OMB Control Number
52.215-20	9000-0013	52.223-6(b)(5)	9000-0101
52.215-21	9000-0013	52.223-7	9000-0107
52.215-21 52.215-22	9000-0013	52.223-7 52.223-9	9000-0134
52.215-23	9000-0173	52.225-2	9000-0134
52.216-2	9000-0173	<u>52.225-2</u> 52.225-4	9000-0024
52.216-3	9000-0008	<u>52.225-4</u> 52.225-6	9000-0130
52.216-4	9000-0008	<u>52.225-8</u>	9000-0023
52.216-5	9000-0008	<u>52.225-8</u> 52.225-9	9000-0022
52.216-6	9000-0071	<u>52.225-9</u> 52.225-11	9000-0141
52.216-7	9000-0071	52.225-18	9000-0141
	9000-0009	52.225-18 52.225-21	9000-0101
<u>52.216-10</u>		52.225-23	
<u>52.216-15</u>	9000-0069 9000-0067		9000-0141 9000-0096
<u>52.216-16</u>		<u>52.227-2</u>	
<u>52.216-17</u>	9000-0067	<u>52.227-6</u>	9000-0096
<u>52.219-9</u>	9000-0006 and 9000-0007	<u>52.227-9</u>	9000-0096
52 210 10	9000-0007	<u>52.227-14</u>	9000-0090
<u>52.219-10</u> <u>52.219-28</u>		<u>52.227-15</u>	9000-0090
52.219-28 52.219-29	9000-0163	<u>52.227-16</u>	9000-0090
	3245-0374	<u>52.227-17</u>	9000-0090
<u>52.219-30</u>	3245-0374	<u>52.227-18</u>	9000-0090
<u>52.222-2</u>	9000-0065	52.227-19	9000-0090
<u>52.222-4</u>	1215-0119	52.227-20	9000-0090
<u>52.222-6</u>	1215-0140	<u>52.227-21</u>	9000-0090
<u>52.222-8</u>	1235-0008 and	52.227-22	9000-0090
50 000 11	1235-0018	<u>52.227-23</u>	9000-0090
<u>52.222-11</u>	9000-0014	52.228-1	9000-0045
<u>52.222-17</u>	1235-0007 and	52.228-2	9000-0045
50 000 10	1235-0025	<u>52.228-12</u>	9000-0135
<u>52.222-18</u>	9000-0127	52.228-13	9000-0045
<u>52.222-21</u>	1250-0003	52.228-14	9000-0045
<u>52.222-22</u>	1250-0003	52.228-15	9000-0045
<u>52.222-23</u>	1250-0003	52.228-16	9000-0045
<u>52.222-25</u>	1250-0003	<u>52.229-2</u>	9000-0059
<u>52.222-26</u>	1250-0003	52.230-6	9000-0129
<u>52.222-27</u>	1250-0003	52.232-1	9000-0070
<u>52.222-32</u>	9000-0154	<u>52.232-2</u>	9000-0070
<u>52.222-35</u>	1250-0004	52.232-3	9000-0070
<u>52.222-36</u>	1250-0005	<u>52.232-4</u>	9000-0070
<u>52.222-37</u>	1293-0004 and	<u>52.232-5</u>	9000-0070
50 000 00	1293-0005	<u>52.232-6</u>	9000-0070
52.222-38	1250-0004 and	<u>52.232-7</u>	9000-0070
52 222 40	1293-0005	<u>52.232-8</u>	9000-0070
<u>52.222-40</u>	1215-0209	<u>52.232-9</u>	9000-0070
52.222-41	1235-0018 and	<u>52.232-10</u>	9000-0070
50 000 46	1235-0007	<u>52.232-11</u>	9000-0070
<u>52.222-46</u>	9000-0066	<u>52.232-12</u>	9000-0073
<u>52.222-50</u>	9000-0188	<u>52.232-13</u>	9000-0010
<u>52.222-55</u>	1235-0018	<u>52.232-14</u>	9000-0010
<u>52.222-56</u>	9000-0188	<u>52.232-15</u>	9000-0010
<u>52.223-2</u>	9000-0180	<u>52.232-16</u>	9000-0010
<u>52.223-4</u>	9000-0134	<u>52.232-20</u>	9000-0074
<u>52.223-5</u>	9000-0147	<u>52.232-22</u>	9000-0074

FAR segment	OMB Control Number	FAR segment	OMB Control Number
52.232-27	9000-0102	52.247-48	9000-0061
52.232-29	9000-0138	52.247-51	9000-0057
52.232-30	9000-0138	52.247-53	9000-0055
52.232-30	9000-0138	52.247-57	9000-0061
52.232-31	9000-0138	52.247-63	9000-0001
52.232-32	9000-0138	52.247-64	9000-0054
52.236-5	9000-0033	<u>52.247-64</u> 52.247-68	9000-0001
52.236-13	1220-0029 and	52.248-1	9000-0030
<u>32.230-13</u>	9000-0060	52.248-2	9000-0027
52.236-15	9000-0058	52.248-3	9000-0027
52.236-19	9000-0064	52.249-2	9000-0027
52.241-1	9000-0004	<u>52.249-2</u> 52.249-3	9000-0028
52.241-3	9000-0120	52.249-5 52.249-5	9000-0028
52.241-7	9000-0122	<u>52.249-5</u> 52.249-6	9000-0028
52.241-13	9000-0123	<u>52.249-0</u> 52.249-11	9000-0028
52.243-1	9000-0124	52.250-1	9000-0028
52.243-2	9000-0026	SF 24	9000-0029
52.243-3	9000-0026	SF 24 SF 25	9000-0045
52.243-4	9000-0026	SF 25A	9000-0045
52.243-6	9000-0026	SF 23A SF 28	9000-0043
52.243-7	9000-0026	SF 26 SF 34	9000-0001
52.244-2	9000-0020	SF 35	9000-0045
52.245-1	9000-0149	SF 273	9000-0045
52.245-9	9000-0075		
	9000-0073	SF 274	9000-0045
<u>52.246-2</u>	9000-0077	SF 275	9000-0045
<u>52.246-3</u> <u>52.246-4</u>	9000-0077	SF 330	9000-0157
52.246-5	9000-0077	SF 1403	9000-0011 9000-0011
52.246-6	9000-0077	<u>SF 1404</u> SF 1405	9000-0011
52.246-7	9000-0077	SF 1405 SF 1406	9000-0011
52.246-8	9000-0077	SF 1407	9000-0011
52.246-10	9000-0077	SF 1408	9000-0011
52.246-12	9000-0077	SF 1413	9000-0011
52.246-15	9000-0077	SF 1416	9000-0014
52.247-2	9000-0077	SF 1418	9000-0045
52.247-29	9000-0061	SF 1428	9000-0045
52.247-30	9000-0061	SF 1429	9000-0075
52.247-31	9000-0061	SF 1435	9000-0012
52.247-32	9000-0061	SF 1436	9000-0012
52.247-33	9000-0061	SF 1437	9000-0012
52.247-34	9000-0061	SF 1438	9000-0012
52.247-35	9000-0061	SF 1439	9000-0012
52.247-36	9000-0061	SF 1440	9000-0012
52.247-37	9000-0061	SF 1443	9000-0010
52.247-38	9000-0061	SF 1444	9000-0010
52.247-39	9000-0061	SF 1445	9000-0089
52.247-40	9000-0061	SF 1446	9000-0089
52.247-40	9000-0061	DI 1770	7000 0007
52.247-41	9000-0061	1.107 Certificati	ons.
52.247-43	9000-0061		with 41 U.S.C. 1304, a new requirement for
52.247-44	9000-0061		a contractor or offeror may not be included
	2000 0001	in this chapter unl	•
		in this chapter thi	

- (a) The certification requirement is specifically imposed by statute; or
- (b) Written justification for such certification is provided to the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council, and the Administrator approves in writing the inclusion of such certification requirement.

1.108 FAR conventions.

The following conventions provide guidance for interpreting the FAR:

- (a) Words and terms. Definitions in Part 2 apply to the entire regulation unless specifically defined in another part, subpart, section, provision, or clause. Words or terms defined in a specific part, subpart, section, provision, or clause have that meaning when used in that part, subpart, section, provision, or clause. Undefined words retain their common dictionary meaning.
- (b) *Delegation of authority*. Each authority is delegable unless specifically stated otherwise (see 1.102-4(b)).
- (c) *Dollar thresholds*. Unless otherwise specified, a specific dollar threshold for the purpose of applicability is the final anticipated dollar value of the action, including the dollar value of all options. If the action establishes a maximum quantity of supplies or services to be acquired or establishes a ceiling price or establishes the final price to be based on future events, the final anticipated dollar value must be the highest final priced alternative to the Government, including the dollar value of all options.
- (d) Application of FAR changes to solicitations and contracts. Unless otherwise specified—
- (1) FAR changes apply to solicitations issued on or after the effective date of the change;
- (2) Contracting officers may, at their discretion, include the FAR changes in solicitations issued before the effective date, provided award of the resulting contract(s) occurs on or after the effective date; and
- (3) Contracting officers may, at their discretion, include the changes in any existing contract with appropriate consideration.
- (e) *Citations*. When the FAR cites a statute, Executive order, Office of Management and Budget circular, Office of Federal Procurement Policy policy letter, or relevant portion of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, the citation includes all applicable amendments, unless otherwise stated.
- (f) *Imperative sentences*. When an imperative sentence directs action, the contracting officer is responsible for the action, unless another party is expressly cited.

1.109 Statutory acquisition-related dollar thresholds—adjustment for inflation.

- (a) 41 U.S.C. 1908 requires that the FAR Council periodically adjust all statutory acquisition-related dollar thresholds in the FAR for inflation, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section. This adjustment is calculated every 5 years, starting in October 2005, using the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for all-urban consumers, and supersedes the applicability of any other provision of law that provides for the adjustment of such acquisition-related dollar thresholds.
- (b) The statute defines an acquisition-related dollar threshold as a dollar threshold that is specified in law as a factor in defining the scope of the applicability of a policy, procedure, requirement, or restriction provided in that law to the procurement of supplies or services by an executive agency, as determined by the FAR Council.
- (c) The statute does not permit escalation of acquisition-related dollar thresholds established by:
- (1) <u>40 U.S.C. chapter 31</u>, subchapter IV, Wage Rate Requirements (Construction);
- (2) 41 U.S.C. chapter 67, Service Contract Labor Standards; or
- (3) The United States Trade Representative pursuant to the authority of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2511 et seq.).
- (d) A matrix showing calculation of the most recent escalation adjustments of statutory acquisition-related dollar thresholds is available via the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov (search FAR Case 2014-022).

1.110 Positive law codification.

- (a) Public Law 107-217 revised, codified, and enacted as title 40, United States Code, Public Buildings, Property, and Works, certain general and permanent laws of the United States.
- (b) Public Law 111-350 revised, codified, and enacted as title 41, United States Code, Public Contracts, certain general and permanent laws of the United States.
- (c) The following table provides cross references between the historical titles of the acts, and the current reference in title 40 or title 41.

Historical Title of Act	Division/ Chapter/ Subchapter	<u>Title</u>
Anti-Kickback Act	41 U.S.C.	Kickbacks
	chapter 87	
Brooks Architect	40 U.S.C.	Selection of Architects
Engineer Act		and Engineers
Buy American Act	41 U.S.C.	Buy American
	chapter 83	
Contract Disputes	41 U.S.C.	Contract Disputes
Act of 1978	chapter 71	

1.1-7

Historical Title of Act	Division/ Chapter/ Subchapter	Title
Contract Work	40 U.S.C.	Contract Work Hours and
Hours and Safety	chapter 37	Safety Standards
Standards Act		
Davis-Bacon Act	40 U.S.C.	Wage Rate Requirements
	chapter 31,	(Construction)
	Subchapter IV	
Drug-Free Work-	41 U.S.C.	Drug-Free Workplace
place Act	chapter 81	
Federal Property	41 U.S.C. Div.	Procurement
and Administra-	C of subtitle I*	
tive Services Act of		
1949, Title III.		
Javits-Wagner-	41 U.S.C.	Committee for Purchase
O'Day Act	chapter 85	from People Who Are
		Blind or Severely
		Disabled
Miller Act	40 U.S.C.	Bonds
	chapter 31,	
	subchapter III	

Historical Title of Act	Division/ Chapter/ Subchapter	<u>Title</u>
Office of Federal	41 U.S.C. Div.	Office of Federal
Procurement Pol-	B of subtitle	Procurement Policy
icy Act	<u>I**</u>	
Procurement Integ-	41 U.S.C.	Restrictions on Obtaining
rity Act	chapter 21	and Disclosing Certain
		Information
Service Contract	41 U.S.C.	Service Contract Labor
Act of 1965	chapter 67	Standards
Truth in Negotia-	41 U.S.C.	Truthful Cost or Pricing
tions Act	chapter 35	Data
Walsh-Healey	41 U.S.C.	Contracts for Materials,
Public Contracts	chapter 65	Supplies, Articles, and
Act		Equipment Exceeding
		\$15,000.

^{*} Except sections 3302, 3501(b), 3509, 3906, 4710, and 4711.

^{**} Except sections 1704 and 2303.

Subpart 4.12—Representations and Certifications

4.1200 Scope.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for requiring submission and maintenance of representations and certifications via the System for Award Management (SAM) to—

- (a) Eliminate the administrative burden for contractors of submitting the same information to various contracting offices;
- (b) Establish a common source for this information to procurement offices across the Government; and
- (c) Incorporate by reference the contractor's representations and certifications in the awarded contract.

4.1201 Policy.

- (a) Prospective contractors shall complete electronic annual representations and certifications at SAM accessed via https://www.acquisition.gov as a part of required registration (see FAR 4.1102).
- (b)(1) Prospective contractors shall update the representations and certifications submitted to SAM as necessary, but at least annually, to ensure they are kept current, accurate, and complete. The representations and certifications are effective until one year from date of submission or update to SAM.
- (2) When any of the conditions in paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.219-28, Post-Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation, apply, contractors that represented they were small businesses prior to award of a contract must update the representations and certifications in SAM as directed by the clause. Contractors that represented they were other than small businesses prior to award of a contract may update the representations and certifications in SAM as directed by the clause, if their size status has changed since contract award.
- (c) Data in SAM is archived and is electronically retrievable. Therefore, when a prospective contractor has completed representations and certifications electronically via SAM, the contracting officer must reference the date of SAM verification in the contract file, or include a paper copy of the electronically-submitted representations and certifications in the file. Either of these actions satisfies contract file documentation requirements of $\frac{4.803}{(a)}(11)$. However, if an offeror identifies changes to SAM data pursuant to the FAR provisions at $\frac{52.204-8}{(d)}$ or $\frac{52.212-3}{(b)}$, the contracting officer must include a copy of the changes in the contract file.
- (d) The contracting officer shall incorporate the representations and certifications by reference in the contract (see $\underline{52.204-19}$, or for acquisitions of commercial items see $\underline{52.212-4(v)}$).

4.1202 Solicitation provision and contract clause.

(a) Except for commercial item solicitations issued under FAR part 12, insert in solicitations the provision at 52.204-8,

- Annual Representations and Certifications. The contracting officer shall check the applicable provisions at 52.204-8(c)(2). When the provision at 52.204-7, System for Award Management, is included in the solicitation, do not include the following representations and certifications:
- (1) <u>52.203-2</u>, Certificate of Independent Price Determination.
- (2) <u>52.203-11</u>, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.
 - (3) <u>52.204-3</u>, Taxpayer Identification.
- (4) <u>52.204-5</u>, Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business).
 - (5) 52.204-17, Ownership or Control of Offeror.
- (6) <u>52.209-2</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—Representation.
- (7) $\underline{52.209-5}$, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters.
- (8) <u>52.209-11</u>, Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.
 - (9) 52.214-14, Place of Performance—Sealed Bidding.
 - (10) 52.215-6, Place of Performance.
- (11) $\underline{52.219-1}$, Small Business Program Representations (Basic & Alternate I).
 - (12) 52.219-2, Equal Low Bids.
 - (13) [Reserved]
- (14) <u>52.222-18</u>, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.
- (15) $\underline{52.222-22}$, Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports.
 - (16) 52.222-25, Affirmative Action Compliance.
- (17) <u>52.222-38</u>, Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements.
- (18) <u>52.222-48</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment–Certification.
- (19) <u>52.222-52</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services—Certification.
 - (20) <u>52.223-1</u>, Biobased Product Certification.
 - (21) 52.223-4, Recovered Material Certification.
- (22) <u>52.223-9</u>, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (Alternate I only).
 - (23) <u>52.225-2</u>, Buy American Certificate.
- (24) <u>52.225-4</u>, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate (Basic, Alternates I, II, and III).
 - (25) <u>52.225-6</u>, Trade Agreements Certificate.
- (26) <u>52.225-20</u>, Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan—Certification.

- (27) <u>52.225-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran-Representation and Certifications.
- (28) <u>52.226-2</u>, Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation.
- (29) $\underline{52.227-6}$, Royalty Information (Basic & Alternate I).
- (30) <u>52.227-15</u>, Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.
- (b) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at <u>52.204-19</u>, Incorporation by Reference of Representations and Certifications, in solicitations and contracts.

FAC 2005–85 FEBRUARY 26, 2016

PART 9—CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS

	Sec.			
	9.000	Scope of part.	Subj	oart 9.3—First Article Testing and Approval
		•	9.301	Definition.
		Subpart 9.1—Responsible Prospective	9.302	General.
	0.400	Contractors	9.303	Use.
	9.100	Scope of subpart.	9.304	Exceptions.
	9.101	Definitions.	9.305	Risk.
	9.102	Applicability.	9.306	Solicitation requirements.
	9.103	Policy.	9.307	Government administration procedures.
	9.104	Standards.	9.308	Contract clauses.
	9.104-1	General standards.	9.308-1	Testing performed by the contractor.
	9.104-2	Special standards.	9.308-2	Testing performed by the Government.
	9.104-3	Application of standards.	S	ubpart 9.4—Debarment, Suspension, and
_	9.104-4	Subcontractor responsibility.	31	Ineligibility
	9.104-5	Representation and certifications regarding	9.400	Scope of subpart.
	0.104.6	responsibility matters.	9.401	Applicability.
	9.104-6	Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity	9.402	Policy.
	0.104.7	Information System.	9.403	Definitions.
	9.104-7	Solicitation provisions and contract clauses.	9.404	System for Award Management Exclusions.
	9.105	Procedures.	9.405	Effect of listing.
	9.105-1	Obtaining information.	9.405-1	Continuation of current contracts.
	9.105-2	Determinations and documentation.	9.405-2	Restrictions on subcontracting.
	9.105-3	Disclosure of preaward information.	9.406	Debarment.
	9.106	Preaward surveys.	9.406-1	General.
	9.106-1	Conditions for preaward surveys.	9.406-2	Causes for debarment.
	9.106-2	Requests for preaward surveys.	9.406-3	Procedures.
	9.106-3	Interagency preaward surveys.	9.406-4	Period of debarment.
	9.106-4	Reports.	9.406-5	Scope of debarment.
	9.107	Surveys of nonprofit agencies participating in the	9.407	Suspension.
	0.100	AbilityOne Program.	9.407-1	General.
	9.108	Prohibition on contracting with inverted domestic	9.407-2	Causes for suspension.
	9.108-1	corporations. Definitions.	9.407-3	Procedures.
	9.108-1	Prohibition.	9.407-4	Period of suspension.
	9.108-2		9.407-5	Scope of suspension.
	9.108-3	Representation by the offeror. Waiver.	9.408	[Reserved]
	9.108-4	Solicitation provision and contract clause.	9.409	Contract clause.
		•	Su	bpart 9.5—Organizational and Consultant
		ubpart 9.2—Qualifications Requirements		Conflicts of Interest
	9.200	Scope of subpart.	9.500	Scope of subpart.
	9.201	Definitions.	9.501	Definition.
	9.202	Policy.	9.502	Applicability.
	9.203	QPL's, QML's, and QBL's.	9.503	Waiver.
	9.204	Responsibilities for establishment of a	9.504	Contracting officer responsibilities.
		qualification requirement.	9.505	General rules.
	9.205	Opportunity for qualification before award.	9.505-1	Providing systems engineering and technical
	9.206	Acquisitions subject to qualification		direction.
		requirements.	9.505-2	Preparing specifications or work statements.
	9.206-1	General.	9.505-3	Providing evaluation services.
	9.206-2	Contract clause.	9.505-4	Obtaining access to proprietary information.
	9.206-3	Competition.	9.506	Procedures.
	9.207	Changes in status regarding qualification	9.507	Solicitation provisions and contract clause.
		requirements.	9.507-1	Solicitation provisions.

9.507-2 9.508	Contract clause. Examples.	S	ubpart 9.7—Defense Production Pools and Research and Development Pools
Sul	bpart 9.6—Contractor Team Arrangements	9.701 9.702	Definition. Contracting with pools.
9.601	Definition.	9.703	Contracting with individual pool members.
9.602	General.	7.703	Contracting with individual poor incliners.
9.603	Policy.		
9.604	Limitations.		

9.000 Scope of part.

This part prescribes policies, standards, and procedures pertaining to prospective contractors' responsibility; debarment, suspension, and ineligibility; qualified products; first article testing and approval; contractor team arrangements; defense production pools and research and development pools; and organizational conflicts of interest.

Subpart 9.1—Responsible Prospective Contractors

9.100 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes policies, standards, and procedures for determining whether prospective contractors and subcontractors are responsible.

9.101 Definitions.

"Administrative proceeding" means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (*e.g.*, Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceedings at the Federal and state level but only in connections with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

"Surveying activity," as used in this subpart, means the cognizant contract administration office or, if there is no such office, another organization designated by the agency to conduct preaward surveys.

9.102 Applicability.

- (a) This subpart applies to all proposed contracts with any prospective contractor that is located—
 - (1) In the United States or its outlying areas; or
- (2) Elsewhere, unless application of the subpart would be inconsistent with the laws or customs where the contractor is located.
- (b) This subpart does not apply to proposed contracts with—
 - (1) Foreign, State, or local governments;
- (2) Other U.S. Government agencies or their instrumentalities; or
- (3) Agencies for people who are blind or severely disabled (see <u>subpart 8.7</u>).

9.103 Policy.

- (a) Purchases shall be made from, and contracts shall be awarded to, responsible prospective contractors only.
- (b) No purchase or award shall be made unless the contracting officer makes an affirmative determination of responsibility. In the absence of information clearly indicating that

the prospective contractor is responsible, the contracting officer shall make a determination of nonresponsibility. If the prospective contractor is a small business concern, the contracting officer shall comply with <u>subpart 19.6</u>, Certificates of Competency and Determinations of Responsibility. (If Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act (<u>15 U.S.C. 637</u>) applies, see subpart 19.8.)

(c) The award of a contract to a supplier based on lowest evaluated price alone can be false economy if there is subsequent default, late deliveries, or other unsatisfactory performance resulting in additional contractual or administrative costs. While it is important that Government purchases be made at the lowest price, this does not require an award to a supplier solely because that supplier submits the lowest offer. A prospective contractor must affirmatively demonstrate its responsibility, including, when necessary, the responsibility of its proposed subcontractors.

9.104 Standards.

9.104-1 General standards.

To be determined responsible, a prospective contractor must—

- (a) Have adequate financial resources to perform the contract, or the ability to obtain them (see 9.104-3(a));
- (b) Be able to comply with the required or proposed delivery or performance schedule, taking into consideration all existing commercial and governmental business commitments:
- (c) Have a satisfactory performance record (see <u>9.104-3</u>(b) and <u>subpart 42.15</u>). A prospective contractor shall not be determined responsible or nonresponsible solely on the basis of a lack of relevant performance history, except as provided in 9.104-2;
- (d) Have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics (for example, see subpart 42.15).
- (e) Have the necessary organization, experience, accounting and operational controls, and technical skills, or the ability to obtain them (including, as appropriate, such elements as production control procedures, property control systems, quality assurance measures, and safety programs applicable to materials to be produced or services to be performed by the prospective contractor and subcontractors). (See 9.104-3(a).)
- (f) Have the necessary production, construction, and technical equipment and facilities, or the ability to obtain them (see 9.104-3(a)); and
- (g) Be otherwise qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations (see also inverted domestic corporation prohibition at 9.108).

9.104-2 Special standards.

(a) When it is necessary for a particular acquisition or class of acquisitions, the contracting officer shall develop, with the

assistance of appropriate specialists, special standards of responsibility. Special standards may be particularly desirable when experience has demonstrated that unusual expertise or specialized facilities are needed for adequate contract performance. The special standards shall be set forth in the solicitation (and so identified) and shall apply to all offerors.

(b) Contracting officers shall award contracts for subsistence only to those prospective contractors that meet the general standards in $\underline{9.104-1}$ and are approved in accordance with agency sanitation standards and procedures.

9.104-3 Application of standards.

- (a) Ability to obtain resources. Except to the extent that a prospective contractor has sufficient resources or proposes to perform the contract by subcontracting, the contracting officer shall require acceptable evidence of the prospective contractor's ability to obtain required resources (see 9.104-1(a), (e), and (f)). Acceptable evidence normally consists of a commitment or explicit arrangement, that will be in existence at the time of contract award, to rent, purchase, or otherwise acquire the needed facilities, equipment, other resources, or personnel. Consideration of a prime contractor's compliance with limitations on subcontracting shall take into account the time period covered by the contract base period or quantities plus option periods or quantities, if such options are considered when evaluating offers for award.
- (b) Satisfactory performance record. A prospective contractor that is or recently has been seriously deficient in contract performance shall be presumed to be nonresponsible, unless the contracting officer determines that the circumstances were properly beyond the contractor's control, or that the contractor has taken appropriate corrective action. Past failure to apply sufficient tenacity and perseverance to perform acceptably is strong evidence of nonresponsibility. Failure to meet the quality requirements of the contract is a significant factor to consider in determining satisfactory performance. The contracting officer shall consider the number of contracts involved and the extent of deficient performance in each contract when making this determination. If the pending contract requires a subcontracting plan pursuant to subpart 19.7, The Small Business Subcontracting Program, the contracting officer shall also consider the prospective contractor's compliance with subcontracting plans under recent
- (c) Affiliated concerns. Affiliated concerns (see "Concern" in 19.001 and "Affiliates" in 19.101) are normally considered separate entities in determining whether the concern that is to perform the contract meets the applicable standards for responsibility. However, the contracting officer shall consider the affiliate's past performance and integrity when they may adversely affect the prospective contractor's responsibility.
- (d)(1) Small business concerns. Upon making a determination of nonresponsibility with regard to a small business

- concern, the contracting officer shall refer the matter to the Small Business Administration, which will decide whether to issue a Certificate of Competency (see subpart 19.6).
- (2) A small business that is unable to comply with the limitations on subcontracting at $\underline{52.219-14}$ may be considered nonresponsible.

9.104-4 Subcontractor responsibility.

- (a) Generally, prospective prime contractors are responsible for determining the responsibility of their prospective subcontractors (but see 9.405 and 9.405-2 regarding debarred, ineligible, or suspended firms). Determinations of prospective subcontractor responsibility may affect the Government's determination of the prospective prime contractor's responsibility. A prospective contractor may be required to provide written evidence of a proposed subcontractor's responsibility.
- (b) When it is in the Government's interest to do so, the contracting officer may directly determine a prospective subcontractor's responsibility (e.g., when the prospective contract involves medical supplies, urgent requirements, or substantial subcontracting). In this case, the same standards used to determine a prime contractor's responsibility shall be used by the Government to determine subcontractor responsibility.

9.104-5 Representation and certifications regarding responsibility matters.

- (a) When an offeror provides an affirmative response in paragraph (a)(1) of the provision at <u>52.209-5</u>, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters, or paragraph (h) of provision 52.212-3, the contracting officer shall—
- (1) Promptly, upon receipt of offers, request such additional information from the offeror as the offeror deems necessary in order to demonstrate the offeror's responsibility to the contracting officer (but see 9.405); and
- (2) Notify, prior to proceeding with award, in accordance with agency procedures (see 9.406-3(a) and 9.407-3(a)), the agency official responsible for initiating debarment or suspension action, where an offeror indicates the existence of an indictment, charge, conviction, or civil judgment, or Federal tax delinquency in an amount that exceeds \$3,500.
- (b) The provision at <u>52.209-11</u>, Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law, implements sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) (and similar provisions in subsequent appropriations acts). When an offeror provides an affirmative response in paragraph (b)(1) or (2) of the provision at <u>52.209-11</u> or paragraph (q)(2)(i) or (ii) of provision <u>52.212-3</u>, the contracting officer shall—
- (1) Promptly, upon receipt of offers, request such additional information from the offeror as the offeror deems nec-

essary in order to demonstrate the offeror's responsibility to the contracting officer (but see 9.405);

- (2) Notify, in accordance with agency procedures (see 9.406-3(a) and 9.407-3(a)), the agency official responsible for initiating debarment or suspension action; and
- (3) Not award to the corporation unless an agency suspending or debarring official has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.
- (c) If the provision at $\underline{52.209-12}$, Certification Regarding Tax Matters, is applicable (see $\underline{9.104-7}(e)$), then the contracting officer shall not award any contract in an amount greater than \$5,000,000, unless the offeror affirmatively certified in its offer, as required by paragraph (b)(1), (2), and (3) of the provision.
- (d) Offerors who do not furnish the representation or certifications or such information as may be requested by the contracting officer shall be given an opportunity to remedy the deficiency. Failure to furnish the representation or certifications or such information may render the offeror nonresponsible.

9.104-6 Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System.

- (a) Before awarding a contract in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, the contracting officer shall review the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS), (available at www.ppirs.gov, then select FAPIIS).
- (b) The contracting officer shall consider all the information in FAPIIS and other past performance information (see subpart 42.15) when making a responsibility determination. For source selection evaluations of past performance, see 15.305(a)(2). Contracting officers shall use sound judgment in determining the weight and relevance of the information contained in FAPIIS and how it relates to the present acquisition.
- (1) Since FAPIIS may contain information on any of the offeror's previous contracts and information covering a five-year period, some of that information may not be relevant to a determination of present responsibility, *e.g.*, a prior administrative action such as debarment or suspension that has expired or otherwise been resolved, or information relating to contracts for completely different products or services.
- (2) Because FAPIIS is a database that provides information about prime contractors, the contracting officer posts information required to be posted about a subcontractor, such as trafficking in persons violations, to the record of the prime contractor (see 42.1503(h)(1)(v)). The prime contractor has the opportunity to post in FAPIIS any mitigating factors. The contracting officer shall consider any mitigating factors posted in FAPIIS by the prime contractor, such as degree of

- compliance by the prime contractor with the terms of FAR clause 52.222-50.
- (c) If the contracting officer obtains relevant information from FAPIIS regarding criminal, civil, or administrative proceedings in connection with the award or performance of a Government contract; terminations for default or cause; determinations of nonresponsibility because the contractor does not have a satisfactory performance record or a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics; or comparable information relating to a grant, the contracting officer shall, unless the contractor has already been debarred or suspended—
- (1) Promptly request such additional information from the offeror as the offeror deems necessary in order to demonstrate the offeror's responsibility to the contracting officer (but see 9.405); and
- (2) Notify, prior to proceeding with award, in accordance with agency procedures (see 9.406-3(a) and 9.407-3(a)), the agency official responsible for initiating debarment or suspension action, if the information appears appropriate for the official's consideration.
- (d) The contracting officer shall document the contract file for each contract in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold to indicate how the information in FAPIIS was considered in any responsibility determination, as well as the action that was taken as a result of the information. A contracting officer who makes a nonresponsibility determination is required to document that information in FAPIIS in accordance with 9.105-2 (b)(2).

9.104-7 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses.

- (a) The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.209-5, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters, in solicitations where the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.
- (b) The contracting officer shall insert the provision at <u>52.209-7</u>, Information Regarding Responsibility Matters, in solicitations where the resultant contract value is expected to exceed \$550,000.
- (c) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at <u>52.209-9</u>, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters—
- (1) In solicitations where the resultant contract value is expected to exceed \$550,000; and
- (2) In contracts in which the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of the provision at <u>52.209-7</u>.
- (d) The contracting officer shall insert the provision 52.209-11, Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law, in all solicitations.
- (e) For agencies receiving funds subject to section 523 of Division B of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and similar provisions in subsequent appropriations acts, the contracting officer shall insert the provision 52.209-12, Certification Regarding Tax Matters, in solicitations for which the resultant

contract (including options) may have a value greater than \$5,000,000. Division B of the Consolidated and Continuing Further Appropriations Act, 2015 appropriates funds for the following agencies: the Department of Commerce, the Department of Justice, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, the National Science Foundation, the Commission on Civil Rights, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the U.S. International Trade Commission, the Legal Services Corporation, the Marine Mammal Commission, the Office of the United States Trade Representative, and the State Justice Institute.

9.105 Procedures.

9.105-1 Obtaining information.

- (a) Before making a determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall possess or obtain information sufficient to be satisfied that a prospective contractor currently meets the applicable standards in 9.104.
- (b)(1) Generally, the contracting officer shall obtain information regarding the responsibility of prospective contractors, including requesting preaward surveys when necessary (see 9.106), promptly after a bid opening or receipt of offers. However, in negotiated contracting, especially when research and development is involved, the contracting officer may obtain this information before issuing the request for proposals. Requests for information shall ordinarily be limited to information concerning—
 - (i) The low bidder; or
 - (ii) Those offerors in range for award.
- (2) Preaward surveys shall be managed and conducted by the surveying activity.
- (i) If the surveying activity is a contract administration office—
- (A) That office shall advise the contracting officer on prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs; and
- (B) The administrative contracting officer shall obtain from the auditor any information required concerning the adequacy of prospective contractors' accounting systems and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.
- (ii) If the surveying activity is not a contract administration office, the contracting officer shall obtain from the auditor any information required concerning prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs, the adequacy of their accounting systems, and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.
- (3) Information on financial resources and performance capability shall be obtained or updated on as current a basis as is feasible up to the date of award.
- (c) In making the determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall consider information in FAPIIS (see 9.104-6), including information that is linked to FAPIIS such

- as from the System for Award Management Exclusions and the Past Performance Information Retrieval System (PPIRS), and any other relevant past performance information (see 9.104-1(c) and subpart subpart 42.15). In addition, the contracting officer should use the following sources of information to support such determinations:
- (1) Records and experience data, including verifiable knowledge of personnel within the contracting office, audit offices, contract administration offices, and other contracting offices.
- (2) The prospective contractor-including bid or proposal information (including the certification at <u>52.209-5</u> or <u>52.212-3</u>(h) (see <u>9.104-5</u>)), questionnaire replies, financial data, information on production equipment, and personnel information.
- (3) Commercial sources of supplier information of a type offered to buyers in the private sector.
 - (4) Preaward survey reports (see 9.106).
- (5) Other sources such as publications; suppliers, subcontractors, and customers of the prospective contractor; financial institutions; Government agencies; and business and trade associations.
- (d) Contracting offices and cognizant contract administration offices that become aware of circumstances casting doubt on a contractor's ability to perform contracts successfully shall promptly exchange relevant information.

9.105-2 Determinations and documentation.

- (a) *Determinations*.(1) The contracting officer's signing of a contract constitutes a determination that the prospective contractor is responsible with respect to that contract. When an offer on which an award would otherwise be made is rejected because the prospective contractor is found to be non-responsible, the contracting officer shall make, sign, and place in the contract file a determination of nonresponsibility, which shall state the basis for the determination.
- (2) If the contracting officer determines that a responsive small business lacks certain elements of responsibility, the contracting officer shall comply with the procedures in subpart 19.6. When a Certificate of Competency is issued for a small business concern (see subpart 19.6), the contracting officer shall accept the Small Business Administration's decision to issue a Certificate of Competency and award the contract to the concern.
- (b) *Support documentation*.(1) Documents and reports supporting a determination of responsibility or nonresponsibility, including any preaward survey reports, the use of FAPIIS information (see <u>9.104-6</u>), and any applicable Certificate of Competency, must be included in the contract file.
- (2)(i) The contracting officer shall document the determination of nonresponsibility in FAPIIS (available at www.cpars.gov, then select FAPIIS) if—
- (A) The contract is valued at more than the simplified acquisition threshold;

- (B) The determination of nonresponsibility is based on lack of satisfactory performance record or satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics; and
- (C) The Small Business Administration does not issue a Certificate of Competency.
- (ii) The contracting officer is responsible for the timely submission, within 3 working days, and sufficiency, and accuracy of the documentation regarding the nonresponsibility determination.
- (iii) As required by section 3010 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010 (Pub. L. 111-212), all information posted in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will be publicly available. FAPIIS consists of two segments—
- (A) The non-public segment, into which Government officials and contractors post information, which can only be viewed by—
- (1) Government personnel and authorized users performing business on behalf of the Government; or
- (2) An offeror or contractor, when viewing data on itself; and
- (B) The publicly-available segment, to which all data in the non-public segment of FAPIIS is automatically transferred after a waiting period of 14 calendar days, except for—
- (1) Past performance reviews required by subpart 42.15;
- (2) Information that was entered prior to April 15, 2011; or
- (3) Information that is withdrawn during the 14-calendar-day waiting period by the Government official who posted it in accordance with paragraph (b)(2)(iv) of this section.
- (iv) The contracting officer, or any other Government official, shall not post any information in the non-public segment of FAPIIS that is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act. If the contractor asserts within 7 calendar days, to the Government official who posted the information, that some of the information posted to the non-public segment of FAPIIS is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act, the Government official who posted the information must within 7 calendar days remove the posting from FAPIIS and resolve the issue in accordance with agency Freedom of Information Act procedures, prior to reposting the releasable information.

9.105-3 Disclosure of preaward information.

- (a) Except as provided in <u>subpart 24.2</u>, Freedom of Information Act, information (including the preaward survey report) accumulated for purposes of determining the responsibility of a prospective contractor shall not be released or disclosed outside the Government.
- (b) The contracting officer may discuss preaward survey information with the prospective contractor before determining responsibility. After award, the contracting officer or, if it

- is appropriate, the head of the surveying activity or a designee may discuss the findings of the preaward survey with the company surveyed.
- (c) Preaward survey information may contain proprietary or source selection information and should be marked with the appropriate legend and protected accordingly (see 3.104-4).

9.106 Preaward surveys.

9.106-1 Conditions for preaward surveys.

- (a) A preaward survey is normally required only when the information on hand or readily available to the contracting officer, including information from commercial sources, is not sufficient to make a determination regarding responsibility. In addition, if the contemplated contract will have a fixed price at or below the simplified acquisition threshold or will involve the acquisition of commercial items (see Part 12), the contracting officer should not request a preaward survey unless circumstances justify its cost.
- (b) When a cognizant contract administration office becomes aware of a prospective award to a contractor about which unfavorable information exists and no preaward survey has been requested, it shall promptly obtain and transmit details to the contracting officer.
- (c) Before beginning a preaward survey, the surveying activity shall ascertain whether the prospective contractor is debarred, suspended, or ineligible (see subpart 9.4). If the prospective contractor is debarred, suspended, or ineligible, the surveying activity shall advise the contracting officer promptly and not proceed with the preaward survey unless specifically requested to do so by the contracting officer.

9.106-2 Requests for preaward surveys.

The contracting officer's request to the surveying activity (Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor (General), SF 1403) shall—

- (a) Identify additional factors about which information is needed;
- (b) Include the complete solicitation package (unless it has previously been furnished), and any information indicating prior unsatisfactory performance by the prospective contractor;
- (c) State whether the contracting office will participate in the survey;
- (d) Specify the date by which the report is required. This date should be consistent with the scope of the survey requested and normally shall allow at least 7 working days to conduct the survey; and
 - (e) When appropriate, limit the scope of the survey.

9.106-3 Interagency preaward surveys.

When the contracting office and the surveying activity are in different agencies, the procedures of this section 9.106 and

<u>subpart 42.1</u> shall be followed along with the regulations of the agency in which the surveying activity is located, except that reasonable special requests by the contracting office shall be accommodated (also see subpart <u>17.5</u>).

9.106-4 Reports.

- (a) The surveying activity shall complete the applicable parts of SF 1403, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor (General); SF 1404, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor—Technical; SF 1405, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor—Production; SF 1406, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor—Quality Assurance; SF 1407, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor—Financial Capability; and SF 1408, Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor—Accounting System; and provide a narrative discussion sufficient to support both the evaluation ratings and the recommendations.
- (b) When the contractor surveyed is a small business that has received preferential treatment on an ongoing contract under Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637) or has received a Certificate of Competency during the last 12 months, the surveying activity shall consult the appropriate Small Business Administration field office before making an affirmative recommendation regarding the contractor's responsibility or nonresponsibility.
- (c) When a preaward survey discloses previous unsatisfactory performance, the surveying activity shall specify the extent to which the prospective contractor plans, or has taken, corrective action. Lack of evidence that past failure to meet contractual requirements was the prospective contractor's fault does not necessarily indicate satisfactory performance. The narrative shall report any persistent pattern of need for costly and burdensome Government assistance (e.g., engineering, inspection, or testing) provided in the Government's interest but not contractually required.
- (d) When the surveying activity possesses information that supports a recommendation of complete award without an onsite survey and no special areas for investigation have been requested, the surveying activity may provide a short-form preaward survey report. The short-form report shall consist solely of the Preaward Survey of Prospective Contractor (General), <u>SF 1403</u>. Sections III and IV of this form shall be completed and block 21 shall be checked to show that the report is a short-form preaward report.

9.107 Surveys of nonprofit agencies participating in the AbilityOne Program.

(a) The Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (Committee), as authorized by 41 U.S.C. chapter 85, determines what supplies and services Federal agencies are required to purchase from AbilityOne participating nonprofit agencies serving people who are blind or have other severe disabilities (see subpart 8.7). The Com-

- mittee is required to find an AbilityOne participating nonprofit agency capable of furnishing the supplies or services before the nonprofit agency can be designated as a mandatory source under the AbilityOne Program. The Committee may request a contracting office to assist in assessing the capabilities of a nonprofit agency.
- (b) The contracting office, upon request from the Committee, shall request a capability survey from the activity responsible for performing preaward surveys, or notify the Committee that the AbilityOne participating nonprofit agency is capable, with supporting rationale, and that the survey is waived. The capability survey will focus on the technical and production capabilities and applicable preaward survey elements to furnish specific supplies or services being considered for addition to the Procurement List.
- (c) The contracting office shall use the <u>Standard Form 1403</u> to request a capability survey of organizations employing people who are blind or have other severe disabilities.
- (d) The contracting office shall furnish a copy of the completed survey, or notice that the AbilityOne participating non-profit agency is capable and the survey is waived, to the Executive Director, Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

9.108 Prohibition on contracting with inverted domestic corporations.

9.108-1 Definitions.

As used in this section—

"Inverted domestic corporation" means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under <u>6 U.S.C. 395(b)</u>, applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

9.108-2 Prohibition.

- (a) Section 745 of Division D of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008 (Pub. L. 110-161) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions) prohibit, on a Governmentwide basis, the use of appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of such a corporation, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and in 9.108-4 Waiver.
- (b)(1) Section 745 and its successor provisions include the following exception: This section shall not apply to any Federal Government contract entered into before the date of the enactment of this Act, or to any task order issued pursuant to such contract.
- (2) To ensure appropriate application of the prohibition and this exception, contracting officers should consult with

legal counsel if, during the performance of a contract, a contractor becomes an inverted domestic corporation or a subsidiary of one.

9.108-3 Representation by the offeror.

- (a) In order to be eligible for contract award, an offeror must represent that it is neither an inverted domestic corporation, nor a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation. Any offeror that cannot so represent is ineligible for award of a contract, unless waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.
- (b) The contracting officer may rely on an offeror's representation that it is not an inverted domestic corporation unless the contracting officer has reason to question the representation.

9.108-4 Waiver.

Any agency head may waive the prohibition in subsection 9.108-2 and the requirement of subsection 9.108-3 for a specific contract if the agency head determines in writing that the waiver is required in the interest of national security, documents the determination, and reports it to the Congress.

9.108-5 Solicitation provision and contract clause.

The contracting officer shall—

- (a) Include the provision at <u>52.209-2</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—Representation, in each solicitation for the acquisition of products or services (including construction); and
- (b) Include the clause at <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations, in each solicitation and contract for the acquisition of products or services (including construction).

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Subpart 12.3—Solicitation Provisions and Contract Clauses for the Acquisition of Commercial Items

12.300 Scope of subpart.

This subpart establishes provisions and clauses to be used when acquiring commercial items.

12.301 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses for the acquisition of commercial items.

- (a) In accordance with <u>41 U.S.C. 3307</u>, contracts for the acquisition of commercial items shall, to the maximum extent practicable, include only those clauses—
- (1) Required to implement provisions of law or executive orders applicable to the acquisition of commercial items; or
- (2) Determined to be consistent with customary commercial practice.
- (b) Insert the following provisions in solicitations for the acquisition of commercial items, and clauses in solicitations and contracts for the acquisition of commercial items:
- (1) The provision at 52.212-1, Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items. This provision provides a single, streamlined set of instructions to be used when soliciting offers for commercial items and is incorporated in the solicitation by reference (see Block 27a, SF 1449). The contracting officer may tailor these instructions or provide additional instructions tailored to the specific acquisition in accordance with 12.302.
- (2) The provision at 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items. This provision provides a single, consolidated list of representations and certifications for the acquisition of commercial items and is attached to the solicitation for offerors to complete. This provision may not be tailored except in accordance with subpart 1.4. Use the provision with its Alternate I in solicitations issued by DoD, NASA, or the Coast Guard.
- (3) The clause at 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items. This clause includes terms and conditions which are, to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with customary commercial practices and is incorporated in the solicitation and contract by reference (see Block 27, SF 1449). Use this clause with its Alternate I when a time-and-materials or labor-hour contract will be awarded. The contracting officer may tailor this clause in accordance with 12.302.
- (4) The clause at 52.212-5, Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items. This clause incorporates by reference only those clauses required to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to the acquisition of commercial items. The contracting officer shall attach this clause to the solicitation and contract and, using the appropriate clause pre-

- scriptions, indicate which, if any, of the additional clauses cited in 52.212-5(b) or (c) are applicable to the specific acquisition. Some of the clauses require fill-in; the fill-in language should be inserted as directed by 52.104(d). When cost information is obtained pursuant to Part 15 to establish the reasonableness of prices for commercial items, the contracting officer shall insert the clauses prescribed for this purpose in an addendum to the solicitation and contract. This clause may not be tailored.
- (i) Use the clause with its Alternate I when the head of the agency has waived the examination of records by the Comptroller General in accordance with <u>25.1001</u>.
- (ii)(A) If the acquisition will use funds appropriated or otherwise made available by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5), the contracting officer shall use the clause with its Alternate II.
- (B) (1) In the case of a bilateral contract modification that will use funds appropriated or otherwise made available by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, the contracting officer shall specify applicability of Alternate II to that modification.
- (2) In the case of a task- or delivery-order contract in which not all orders will use funds appropriated or otherwise made available by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, the contracting officer shall specify the task or delivery orders to which Alternate II applies.
- (C) The contracting officer may not use Alternate I when Alternate II applies.
- (c) When the use of evaluation factors is appropriate, the contracting officer may—
- (1) Insert the provision at <u>52.212-2</u>, Evaluation—Commercial Items, in solicitations for commercial items (see 12.602); or
- (2) Include a similar provision containing all evaluation factors required by <u>13.106</u>, <u>subpart 14.2</u> or <u>subpart 15.3</u>, as an addendum (see <u>12.302(d)</u>).
- (d) Other required provisions and clauses. Notwithstanding prescriptions contained elsewhere in the FAR, when acquiring commercial items, contracting officers shall be required to use only those provisions and clauses prescribed in this part. The provisions and clauses prescribed in this part shall be revised, as necessary, to reflect the applicability of statutes and executive orders to the acquisition of commercial items.
- (1) Insert the provision at <u>52.204-16</u>, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting, when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a DUNS Number in the solicitation.
- (2) Insert the clause at <u>52.204-18</u>, Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance, when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a DUNS Number in the solicitation.

- (3) Insert the provision at <u>52.209-7</u>, Information Regarding Responsibility Matters, as prescribed in 9.104-7(b).
- (4) Insert the provision at $\underline{52.209-12}$, Certification Regarding Tax Matters, as prescribed at 9.104-7(e).
- (5) Insert the provision at <u>52.222-56</u>, Certification Regarding Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan, in solicitations as prescribed at 22.1705(b).
- (6) Insert the clause at <u>52.225-19</u>, Contractor Personnel in a Designated Operational Area or Supporting a Diplomatic or Consular Mission outside the United States, as prescribed in 25.301-4.
- (7) Insert the clause at <u>52.232-40</u>, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors, as prescribed in 32.009-2.
- (e) Discretionary use of FAR provisions and clauses. The contracting officer may include in solicitations and contracts by addendum other FAR provisions and clauses when their use is consistent with the limitations contained in 12.302. For example:
- (1) The contracting officer may include appropriate clauses when an indefinite-delivery type of contract will be used. The clauses prescribed at $\underline{16.506}$ may be used for this purpose.
- (2) The contracting officer may include appropriate provisions and clauses when the use of options is in the Government's interest. The provisions and clauses prescribed in 17.208 may be used for this purpose. If the provision at 52.212-2 is used, paragraph (b) provides for the evaluation of options.
- (3) The contracting officer may use the provisions and clauses contained in Part 23 regarding the use of products containing recovered materials and biobased products when appropriate for the item being acquired.
- (4) When setting aside under the Stafford Act (<u>subpart 26.2</u>), include the provision at <u>52.226-3</u>, Disaster or Emergency Area Representation, in the solicitation. The representation in this provision is not in the System for Award Management database.
- (f) Agencies may supplement the provisions and clauses prescribed in this part (to require use of additional provisions and clauses) only as necessary to reflect agency unique statutes applicable to the acquisition of commercial items or as may be approved by the agency senior procurement executive, or the individual responsible for representing the agency on the FAR Council, without power of delegation.

12.302 Tailoring of provisions and clauses for the acquisition of commercial items.

(a) General. The provisions and clauses established in this subpart are intended to address, to the maximum extent practicable, commercial market practices for a wide range of potential Government acquisitions of commercial items.

- However, because of the broad range of commercial items acquired by the Government, variations in commercial practices, and the relative volume of the Government's acquisitions in the specific market, contracting officers may, within the limitations of this subpart, and after conducting appropriate market research, tailor the provision at 52.212-1, Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items, and the clause at 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items, to adapt to the market conditions for each acquisition.
- (b) Tailoring 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items. The following paragraphs of the clause at 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items, implement statutory requirements and shall not be tailored—
 - (1) Assignments;
 - (2) Disputes;
 - (3) Payment (except as provided in subpart 32.11);
 - (4) Invoice;
 - (5) Other compliances;
- (6) Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts; and
 - (7) Unauthorized obligations.
- (c) Tailoring inconsistent with customary commercial practice. The contracting officer shall not tailor any clause or otherwise include any additional terms or conditions in a solicitation or contract for commercial items in a manner that is inconsistent with customary commercial practice for the item being acquired unless a waiver is approved in accordance with agency procedures. The request for waiver must describe the customary commercial practice found in the marketplace, support the need to include a term or condition that is inconsistent with that practice and include a determination that use of the customary commercial practice is inconsistent with the needs of the Government. A waiver may be requested for an individual or class of contracts for that specific item.
- (d) Tailoring shall be by addenda to the solicitation and contract. The contracting officer shall indicate in Block 27a of the SF 1449 if addenda are attached. These addenda may include, for example, a continuation of the schedule of supplies/services to be acquired from blocks 18 through 21 of the SF 1449; a continuation of the description of the supplies/services being acquired; further elaboration of any other item(s) on the SF 1449; any other terms or conditions necessary for the performance of the proposed contract (such as options, ordering procedures for indefinite-delivery type contracts, warranties, contract financing arrangements, etc.).

12.303 Contract format.

Solicitations and contracts for the acquisition of commercial items prepared using this <u>Part 12</u> shall be assembled, to the maximum extent practicable, using the following format:

- (a) Standard Form (SF) 1449;
- (b) Continuation of any block from SF 1449, such as—

Subpart 22.13—Equal Opportunity for Veterans

22.1300 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for implementing the following:

- (a) The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1972 (38 U.S.C. 4211 and 4212) (the Act).
- (b) The Veterans Employment Opportunities Act of 1998, Public Law 105-339.
 - (c) The Jobs for Veterans Act, Public Law 107-288.
- (d) Executive Order 11701, January 24, 1973 (3 CFR 1971 1975 Comp., p. 752).
- (e) The regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-300 and 61-300).

22.1301 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran" means a veteran who served on active duty in the U.S. military, ground, naval, or air service, during a war or in a campaign or expedition for which a campaign badge has been authorized under the laws administered by the Department of Defense.

"Armed Forces service medal veteran" means any veteran who, while serving on active duty in the U.S. military, ground, naval, or air service, participated in a United States military operation for which an Armed Forces service medal was awarded pursuant to Executive Order 12985 (61 FR 1209).

"Disabled veteran" means-

- (1) A veteran of the U.S. military, ground, naval, or air service, who is entitled to compensation (or who, but for the receipt of military retired pay, would be entitled to compensation) under laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; or
- (2) A person who was discharged or released from active duty because of a service-connected disability.

"Executive and senior management" means—

- (1) Any employee—
- (i) Compensated on a salary basis at a rate of not less than \$455 per week (or \$380 per week, if employed in American Samoa by employers other than the Federal Government), exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities;
- (ii) Whose primary duty consists of the management of the enterprise in which the individual is employed or of a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof;
- (iii) Who customarily and regularly directs the work of two or more other employees; and
- (iv) Who has the authority to hire or fire other employees or whose suggestions and recommendations as to the hiring or firing and as to the advancement and promotion or any other change of status of other employees will be given particular weight; or

(2) Any employee who owns at least a bona fide 20-percent equity interest in the enterprise in which the employee is employed, regardless of whether the business is a corporate or other type of organization, and who is actively engaged in its management.

"Protected veteran" means a veteran who is protected under the non-discrimination and affirmative action provisions of 38 U.S.C. 4212; specifically, a veteran who may be classified as a "disabled veteran," "recently separated veteran," "active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," or an "Armed Forces service medal veteran," as defined by this section.

"Qualified disabled veteran" means a disabled veteran who has the ability to perform the essential functions of the employment positions with or without reasonable accommodation.

"Recently separated veteran" means any veteran during the three-year period beginning on the date of such veteran's discharge or release from active duty in the U.S. military, ground, naval, or air service.

"United States", means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.

22.1302 Policy.

- (a) Contractors and subcontractors, when entering into contracts and subcontracts subject to the Act, are required to—
- (1) List all employment openings, with the appropriate employment service delivery system where the opening occurs, except for—
 - (i) Executive and senior management positions;
- (ii) Positions to be filled from within the contractor's organization; and
 - (iii) Positions lasting three days or less.
- (2) Take affirmative action to employ, advance in employment, and otherwise treat qualified individuals, including qualified disabled veterans, without discrimination based upon their status as a protected veteran, in all employment practices;
- (3) Undertake appropriate outreach and positive recruitment activities that are reasonably designed to effectively recruit protected veterans; and
- (4) Establish a hiring benchmark and apply it to hiring of protected veterans in each establishment, on an annual basis, in the manner prescribed in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
- (b) Except for contracts for commercial items or contracts that do not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, contracting officers must not obligate or expend funds appropriated for the agency for a fiscal year to enter into a contract for the procurement of personal property and nonpersonal ser-

vices (including construction) with a contractor that has not submitted the required annual VETS-4212, Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report (VETS-4212 Report), with respect to the preceding fiscal year if the contractor was subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212(d) for that fiscal year.

22.1303 Applicability.

- (a) The Act applies to all contracts and subcontracts for personal property and nonpersonal services (including construction) of \$150,000 or more except as waived by the Secretary of Labor.
- (b) The requirements of the clause at <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans, in any contract with a State or local government (or any agency, instrumentality, or subdivision) do not apply to any agency, instrumentality, or subdivision of that government that does not participate in work on or under the contract.
- (c) The Act requires submission of the VETS-4212 Report in all cases where the contractor or subcontractor has received an award of \$150,000 or more, except for awards to State and local governments, and foreign organizations where the workers are recruited outside of the United States.

22.1304 Procedures.

To verify if a proposed contractor is current with its submission of the VETS-4212 Report, the contracting officer may—

- (a) Query the Department of Labor's VETS-4212 Database via the Internet at http://www.dol.gov/vets/vets4212.htm under "Filing Verification"; and
- (b) Contact the VETS-4212 customer support via e-mail at <u>VETS-4212-customersupport@dol.gov</u> for confirmation, if the proposed contractor represents that it has submitted the VETS-4212 Report and is not listed on the verification file.

22.1305 Waivers.

- (a) The Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Department of Labor, may waive any or all of the terms of the clause at <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans, for—
 - (1) Any contract if a waiver is in the national interest; or
- (2) Groups or categories of contracts if a waiver is in the national interest and it is—
- (i) Impracticable to act on each request individually; and
- (ii) Determined that the waiver will substantially contribute to convenience in administering the Act.
- (b) The head of the agency may waive any requirement in this subpart when it is determined that the contract is essential to the national security, and that its award without complying with such requirements is necessary to the national security. Upon making such a determination, the head of the agency

- must notify the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor in writing within 30 days.
- (c) The contracting officer must submit requests for waivers in accordance with agency procedures.
- (d) The Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor may withdraw an approved waiver for a specific contract or group of contracts to be awarded, when in the Deputy's judgment such action is necessary to achieve the purposes of the Act. The withdrawal does not apply to awarded contracts. For procurements entered into by sealed bidding, such withdrawal does not apply unless the withdrawal is made more than 10 calendar days before the date set for the opening of bids.

22.1306 Department of Labor notices and reports.

- (a) The contracting officer must furnish to the contractor appropriate notices for posting when they are prescribed by the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Labor (see http://www.dol.gov/ofccp/regs/compliance/posters/ofccpost.htm).
- (b) The Act requires contractors and subcontractors to submit a report at least annually to the Secretary of Labor regarding employment of protected veterans (*i.e.*, active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, disabled veterans, and recently separated veterans, unless all of the terms of the clause at 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans, have been waived see 22.1305). The contractor and subcontractor must file VETS-4212, Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report (see "VETS-4212 Federal Contractor Reporting" and "Filing Your VETS-4212 Report" at http://www.dol.gov/vets/vets4212.htm).

22.1307 Collective bargaining agreements.

If performance under the clause at <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans, may necessitate a revision of a collective bargaining agreement, the contracting officer must advise the affected labor unions that the Department of Labor will give them appropriate opportunity to present their views. However, neither the contracting officer nor any representative of the contracting officer may discuss with the contractor or any labor representative any aspect of the collective bargaining agreement.

22.1308 Complaint procedures.

Following agency procedures, the contracting office must forward any complaints received about the administration of the Act to the Veterans' Employment and Training Service of the Department of Labor, or to the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210, or to any OFCCP regional, district, or area office or through the local Veterans' Employment Representative or designee, at the local State employment office. The Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, is responsible for investigating complaints.

FAC 2005-85 FEBRUARY 26, 2016

PART 52—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

Sec.			
	Scope of part.	52.204-13	System for Award Management Maintenance.
Subne	art 52.1—Instructions for Using Provisions		Service Contract Reporting Requirements.
Subpa	and Clauses	52.204-15	Service Contract Reporting Requirements for
52.100	Scope of subpart.	50.004.16	Indefinite-Delivery Contracts.
52.101	Using Part 52.	52.204-16	Commercial and Government Entity Code
52.102	Incorporating provisions and clauses.	52 204 17	Reporting.
52.103	Identification of provisions and clauses.		Ownership or Control of Offeror. Commercial and Government Entity Code
52.104	Procedures for modifying and completing	32.204-18	Maintenance.
	provisions and clauses.	52 204-19	Incorporation by Reference of Representations
52.105	Procedures for using alternates.	J2.20 4 -17	and Certifications.
52.106	[Reserved]	52.205	[Reserved]
52.107	Provisions and clauses prescribed in <u>Subpart 52.1</u> .	52.206	[Reserved]
Subi	part 52.2—Text of Provisions and Clauses		Notice of Standard Competition.
52.200	Scope of subpart.		Notice of Streamlined Competition.
52.201	[Reserved]		Right of First Refusal of Employment.
52.202-1	Definitions.		Economic Purchase Quantity—Supplies.
52.203-1	[Reserved]		Option to Purchase Equipment.
	Certificate of Independent Price Determination.	52.208-1	[Reserved]
	Gratuities.	52.208-2	[Reserved]
	[Reserved]	52.208-3	[Reserved]
	Covenant Against Contingent Fees.	52.208-4	Vehicle Lease Payments.
52.203-6	Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the	52.208-5	Condition of Leased Vehicles.
	Government.	52.208-6	Marking of Leased Vehicles.
	Anti-Kickback Procedures.	52.208-7	Tagging of Leased Vehicles.
52.203-8	Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds	52.208-8	Required Sources for Helium and Helium Usage
52 202 0	for Illegal or Improper Activity.		Data.
	[Reserved]	52.208-9	Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply
32.203-10	Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper		or Services.
52 203 11	Activity. Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments		Qualification Requirements.
	to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.	52.209-2	Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted
	Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain		Domestic Corporations—Representation.
02.200 12	Federal Transactions.	52.209-3	First Article Approval—Contractor Testing.
52.203-13	Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct.	52.209-4	First Article Approval—Government Testing.
	Display of Hotline Poster(s).		Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters.
	Whistleblower Protections Under the American	52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When
	Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.		Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred,
	Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest.	52 200 7	Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment.
52.203-17	Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and		Information Regarding Responsibility Matters. [Reserved]
	Requirement To Inform Employees of		Updates of Publicly Available Information
	Whistleblower Rights.	32.209-9	Regarding Responsibility Matters.
52.204-1	Approval of Contract.	52 209-10	Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted
	Security Requirements.	32.207 10	Domestic Corporations.
	Taxpayer Identification.	52 209-11	Representation by Corporations Regarding
52.204-4	Printed or Copied Double-Sided on Postconsumer	32.207 11	Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction
50 004 5	Fiber Content Paper.		under any Federal Law.
52.204-5	Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small	52.209-12	Certification Regarding Tax Matters.
52.204-6	Business).	52.210	[Reserved]
52.204-0	Data Universal Numbering System Number. System for Award Management.	52.210-1	Market Research.
	Annual Representations and Certifications.	52.211-1	Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA
	Personal Identity Verification of Contractor		Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and
32.204)	Personnel.		Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR
52,204-10	Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier		Part 101-29.
	Subcontract Awards.	52.211-2	Availability of Specifications, Standards, and
52.204-11	[Reserved]		Data Item Descriptions Listed in the Acquisition
	Data Universal Numbering System Number		Streamlining and Standardization Information
	Maintenance.		System (ASSIST).

- 52.211-3 Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.
- 52.211-4 Availability for Examination of Specifications
 Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal
 Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item
 Descriptions.
- 52.211-5 Material Requirements.
- 52.211-6 Brand Name or Equal.
- 52.211-7 Alternatives to Government-Unique Standards.
- 52.211-8 Time of Delivery.
- 52.211-9 Desired and Required Time of Delivery.
- 52.211-10 Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work.
- 52.211-11 Liquidated Damages—Supplies, Services, or Research and Development.
- 52.211-12 Liquidated Damages—Construction.
- 52.211-13 Time Extensions.
- 52.211-14 Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use.
- 52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.
- 52.211-16 Variation in Quantity.
- 52.211-17 Delivery of Excess Quantities.
- 52.211-18 Variation in Estimated Quantity.
- 52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items.
- 52.212-2 Evaluation—Commercial Items.
- 52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications— Commercial Items.
- 52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items.
- 52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items.
- 52.213-1 Fast Payment Procedure.
- 52.213-2 Invoices.
- 52.213-3 Notice to Supplier.
- 52.213-4 Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (Other Than Commercial Items).
- 52.214-1 [Reserved]
- 52.214-2 [Reserved]
- 52.214-3 Amendments to Invitations for Bids.
- 52.214-4 False Statements in Bids.
- 52.214-5 Submission of Bids.
- 52.214-6 Explanation to Prospective Bidders.
- 52.214-7 Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids.
- 52.214-8 [Reserved]
- 52.214-9 [Reserved]
- 52.214-10 Contract Award—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-11 [Reserved]
- 52.214-12 Preparation of Bids.
- 52.214-13 Telegraphic Bids.

- 52.214-14 Place of Performance—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-15 Period for Acceptance of Bids.
- 52.214-16 Minimum Bid Acceptance Period.
- 52.214-17 [Reserved]
- 52.214-18 Preparation of Bids—Construction.
- 52.214-19 Contract Award—Sealed Bidding—Construction.
- 52.214-20 Bid Samples.
- 52.214-21 Descriptive Literature.
- 52.214-22 Evaluation of Bids for Multiple Awards.
- 52.214-23 Late Submissions, Modifications, Revisions, and Withdrawals of Technical Proposals under Two-Step Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-24 Multiple Technical Proposals.
- 52.214-25 Step Two of Two-Step Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-26 Audit and Records—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-27 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-28 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-29 Order of Precedence—Sealed Bidding.
- 52.214-30 [Reserved]
- 52.214-31 Facsimile Bids.
- 52.214-32 [Reserved]
- 52.214-33 [Reserved]
- 52.214-34 Submission of Offers in the English Language.
- 52.214-35 Submission of Offers in U.S. Currency.
- 52.215-1 Instructions to Offerors—Competitive Acquisition.
- 52.215-2 Audit and Records—Negotiation.
- 52.215-3 Request for Information or Solicitation for Planning Purposes.
- 52.215-4 [Reserved]
- 52.215-5 Facsimile Proposals.
- 52.215-6 Place of Performance.
- 52.215-7 [Reserved]
- 52.215-8 Order of Precedence—Uniform Contract Format.
- 52.215-9 Changes or Additions to Make-or-Buy Program.
- 52.215-10 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data.
- 52.215-11 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications.
- 52.215-12 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data.
- 52.215-13 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data—Modifications.
- 52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices.
- 52.215-15 Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions.
- 52.215-16 Facilities Capital Cost of Money.
- 52.215-17 Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.
- 52.215-18 Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions.
- 52.215-19 Notification of Ownership Changes.

commerce methods to submit information or data to the Government.

(End of clause)

52.204-5 Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business).

As prescribed in 4.607(a), insert the following provision:

WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (OCT 2014)

- (a) *Definition*. "Women-owned business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- (b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it \Box is a womenowned business concern.

(End of provision)

52.204-6 Data Universal Numbering System Number.

As prescribed in 4.607(b), insert the following provision:

Data Universal Numbering System Number (Jul 2013)

- (a) *Definition*. "Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number", as used in this provision, means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities, which is used as the identification number for Federal Contractors.
- (b) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "DUNS" or "DUNS+4" followed by the DUNS number or "DUNS+4" that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. The DUNS+4 is the DUNS number plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned at the discretion of the offeror to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see subpart 32.11) for the same concern.
- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
 - (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number-
- (i) Via the Internet at http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform or if the offeror does not have internet access, it may call Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 if located within the United States; or

- (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office. The offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a U.S. Government contract when contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
- (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
 - (i) Company legal business name.
- (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
- (iii) Company physical street address, city, state and ZIP Code.
- (iv) Company mailing address, city, state and ZIP Code (if separate from physical).
 - (v) Company telephone number.
 - (vi) Date the company was started.
 - (vii) Number of employees at your location.
 - (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.
 - (ix) Line of business (industry).
- (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

(End of provision)

52.204-7 System for Award Management.

As prescribed in 4.1105(a)(1), use the following provision:

SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (Jul 2013)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

"Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number" means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

"Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number" means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts (see the FAR at subpart 32.11) for the same concern.

"Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database" means that—

- (1) The offeror has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, the Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see <u>subpart 4.14</u>) into the SAM database;
- (2) The offeror has completed the Core, Assertions, and Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in the SAM database;
- (3) The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification

Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The offeror will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and

- (4) The Government has marked the record "Active".
- (b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the SAM database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "DUNS" or "DUNS +4" followed by the DUNS or DUNS +4 number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the SAM database.
- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
 - (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number—
- (i) Via the Internet at http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform or if the offeror does not have internet access, it may call Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 if located within the United States; or
- (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office. The offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a U.S. Government contract when contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
- (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
 - (i) Company legal business.
- (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
- (iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and ZIP Code.
- (iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and ZIP Code (if separate from physical).
 - (v) Company Telephone Number.
 - (vi) Date the company was started.
 - (vii) Number of employees at your location.
 - (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.
 - (ix) Line of business (industry).
- (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).
- (d) If the Offeror does not become registered in the SAM database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer will proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered Offeror.
- (e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.

(f) Offerors may obtain information on registration at https://www.acquisition.gov .

(End of clause)

Alternate $I(Jul\ 2013)$. As prescribed in $\underline{4.1105}(a)(2)$, substitute the following paragraph (b)(1) for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic provision:

(b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the System for Award Management prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation. If registration prior to award is not possible, the awardee shall be registered in the System for Award Management within 30 days after award or before three days prior to submission of the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

52.204-8 Annual Representations and Certifications.

As prescribed in 4.1202(a), insert the following provision:

ANNUAL REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS (Feb 2016)

- (a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is _______ [insert NAICS code].
- (2) The small business size standard is _______[insert size standard].
- (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
- (b)(1) If the provision at <u>52.204-7</u>, System for Award Management, is included in this solicitation, paragraph (d) of this provision applies.
- (2) If the provision at <u>52.204-7</u> is not included in this solicitation, and the offeror is currently registered in the System for Award Management (SAM), and has completed the Representations and Certifications section of SAM electronically, the offeror may choose to use paragraph (d) of this provision instead of completing the corresponding individual representations and certifications in the solicitation. The offeror shall indicate which option applies by checking one of the following boxes:
 - ☐ (i) Paragraph (d) applies.
- $\hfill \Box$ (ii) Paragraph (d) does not apply and the offeror has completed the individual representations and certifications in the solicitation.
- (c)(1) The following representations or certifications in SAM are applicable to this solicitation as indicated:
- (i) <u>52.203-2</u>, Certificate of Independent Price Determination. This provision applies to solicitations when a firm-

- fixed-price contract or fixed-price contract with economic price adjustment is contemplated, unless—
- (A) The acquisition is to be made under the simplified acquisition procedures in Part 13;
- (B) The solicitation is a request for technical proposals under two-step sealed bidding procedures; or
- (C) The solicitation is for utility services for which rates are set by law or regulation.
- (ii) <u>52.203-11</u>, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions. This provision applies to solicitations expected to exceed \$150,000.
- (iii) <u>52.204-3</u>, Taxpayer Identification. This provision applies to solicitations that do not include the provision at 52.204-7, System for Award Management.
- (iv) <u>52.204-5</u>, Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business). This provision applies to solicitations that—
 - (A) Are not set aside for small business concerns;
- (B) Exceed the simplified acquisition threshold; and
- (C) Are for contracts that will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (v) <u>52.209-2</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—Representation.
- (vi) <u>52.209-5</u>, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters. This provision applies to solicitations where the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.
- (vii) <u>52.209-11</u>, Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law. This provision applies to all solicitations.
- (viii) <u>52.214-14</u>, Place of Performance—Sealed Bidding. This provision applies to invitations for bids except those in which the place of performance is specified by the Government.
- (ix) $\underline{52.215-6}$, Place of Performance. This provision applies to solicitations unless the place of performance is specified by the Government.
- (x) $\underline{52.219-1}$, Small Business Program Representations (Basic & Alternate I). This provision applies to solicitations when the contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (A) The basic provision applies when the solicitations are issued by other than DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard.
- (B) The provision with its Alternate I applies to solicitations issued by DoD, NASA, or the Coast Guard.
- (xi) <u>52.219-2</u>, Equal Low Bids. This provision applies to solicitations when contracting by sealed bidding and the contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (xii) <u>52.222-22</u>, Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports. This provision applies to solicitations that include the clause at <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity.

- (xiii) <u>52.222-25</u>, Affirmative Action Compliance. This provision applies to solicitations, other than those for construction, when the solicitation includes the clause at <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity.
- (xiv) 52.222-38, Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements. This provision applies to solicitations when it is anticipated the contract award will exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and the contract is not for acquisition of commercial items.
- (xv) <u>52.223-1</u>, Biobased Product Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that require the delivery or specify the use of USDA–designated items; or include the clause at <u>52.223-2</u>, Affirmative Procurement of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts.
- (xvi) <u>52.223-4</u>, Recovered Material Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that are for, or specify the use of, EPA-designated items.
- (xvii) <u>52.225-2</u>, Buy American Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-1.
- (xviii) <u>52.225-4</u>, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Basic, Alternates I, II, and III.) This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at <u>52.225-3</u>.
- (A) If the acquisition value is less than \$25,000, the basic provision applies.
- (B) If the acquisition value is \$25,000 or more but is less than \$50,000, the provision with its Alternate I applies.
- (C) If the acquisition value is \$50,000 or more but is less than \$77,533, the provision with its Alternate II applies.
- (D) If the acquisition value is \$77,533 or more but is less than \$100,000, the provision with its Alternate III applies.
- (xix) <u>52.225-6</u>, Trade Agreements Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at <u>52.225-5</u>.
- (xx) $\underline{52.225-20}$, Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan—Certification. This provision applies to all solicitations.
- (xxi) <u>52.225-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran-Representation and Certifications. This provision applies to all solicitations.
- (xxii) <u>52.226-2</u>, Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation. This provision applies to solicitations for research, studies, supplies, or services of the type normally acquired from higher educational institutions.
- (2) The following representations or certifications are applicable as indicated by the Contracting Officer:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

- __ (i) <u>52.204-17</u>, Ownership or Control of Offeror.
- __ (ii) <u>52.222-18</u>, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.
- __ (iii) <u>52.222-48</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Main-

tenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment- Certification

__ (iv) <u>52.222-52</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Certification.

__(v) <u>52.223-9</u>, with its Alternate I, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA–Designated Products (Alternate I only).

__(vi) <u>52.227-6</u>, Royalty Information.

__ (A) Basic.

(B) Alternate I.

__(vii) <u>52.227-15</u>, Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.

(d) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically via the SAM website accessed through https://www.acquisition.gov. After reviewing the SAM database information, the offeror verifies by submission of the offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically that apply to this solicitation as indicated in paragraph (c) of this provision have been entered or updated within the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201); except for the changes identified below [offeror to insert changes, identifying change by clause number, title, date]. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

FAR CLAUSE # TITLE DATE CHANGE

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted on SAM.

(End of provision)

52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel.

As prescribed in 4.1303, insert the following clause:

PERSONAL IDENTITY VERIFICATION OF CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL (JAN 2011)

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with agency personal identity verification procedures identified in the contract that implement Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 (HSPD-12), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance M-05-24 and Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) Number 201.
- (b) The Contractor shall account for all forms of Government-provided identification issued to the Contractor employ-

ees in connection with performance under this contract. The Contractor shall return such identification to the issuing agency at the earliest of any of the following, unless otherwise determined by the Government:

- (1) When no longer needed for contract performance.
- (2) Upon completion of the Contractor employee's employment.
 - (3) Upon contract completion or termination.
- (c) The Contracting Officer may delay final payment under a contract if the Contractor fails to comply with these requirements
- (d) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts when the subcontractor's employees are required to have routine physical access to a Federally-controlled facility and/or routine access to a Federally-controlled information system. It shall be the responsibility of the prime Contractor to return such identification to the issuing agency in accordance with the terms set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards.

As prescribed in 4.1403(a), insert the following clause:

REPORTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACT AWARDS (OCT 2015)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

"Executive" means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.

"First-tier subcontract" means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor for the purpose of acquiring supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a Contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.

"Months of award" means the month in which a contract is signed by the Contracting Officer or the month in which a first-tier subcontract is signed by the Contractor.

"Total compensation" means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the Contractor's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):

- (1) Salary and bonus.
- (2) Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's

- (2) The Contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being listed with an exclusion in SAM.
- (3) The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its being listed with an exclusion in SAM.
- (4) The systems and procedures the Contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's debarment, suspension, or proposed debarment.
- (e) *Subcontracts*. Unless this is a contract for the acquisition of commercial items, the Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause, including this paragraph (e) (appropriately modified for the identification of the parties), in each subcontract that—
 - (1) Exceeds \$35,000 in value; and
- (2) Is not a subcontract for commercially available offthe-shelf items.

(End of clause)

52.209-7 Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

As prescribed at 9.104-7(b), insert the following provision:

Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Jul 2013)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

"Administrative proceeding" means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

"Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than 10,000,000" means—

- (1) The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and
- (2) The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (*e.g.*, general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

(b) The offeror [] has [] does not have current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000.

- (c) If the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:
- (1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years, in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:
 - (i) In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.
- (ii) In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more.
- (iii) In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in—
- (A) The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more; or
- (B) The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000.
- (iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.
- (2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.
- (d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management database via https://www.acquisition.gov (see 52.204-7).

(End of provision)

52.209-8 [Reserved]

52.209-9 Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

As prescribed at 9.104-7(c), insert the following clause:

UPDATES OF PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (Jul 2013)

- (a) The Contractor shall update the information in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) on a semi-annual basis, throughout the life of the contract, by posting the required information in the System for Award Management database via https://www.acauisition.gov.
- (b) As required by section 3010 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010 (Pub. L. 111-212), all information

posted in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will be publicly available. FAPIIS consists of two segments—

- (1) The non-public segment, into which Government officials and the Contractor post information, which can only be viewed by—
- (i) Government personnel and authorized users performing business on behalf of the Government; or
 - (ii) The Contractor, when viewing data on itself; and
- (2) The publicly-available segment, to which all data in the non-public segment of FAPIIS is automatically transferred after a waiting period of 14 calendar days, except for—
- (i) Past performance reviews required by subpart 42.15;
- (ii) Information that was entered prior to April 15, 2011: or
- (iii) Information that is withdrawn during the 14-calendar-day waiting period by the Government official who posted it in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.
- (c) The Contractor will receive notification when the Government posts new information to the Contractor's record.
- (1) If the Contractor asserts in writing within 7 calendar days, to the Government official who posted the information, that some of the information posted to the non-public segment of FAPIIS is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act, the Government official who posted the information must within 7 calendar days remove the posting from FAPIIS and resolve the issue in accordance with agency Freedom of Information procedures, prior to reposting the releasable information. The contractor must cite 52.209-9 and request removal within 7 calendar days of the posting to FAPIIS.
- (2) The Contractor will also have an opportunity to post comments regarding information that has been posted by the Government. The comments will be retained as long as the associated information is retained, *i.e.*, for a total period of 6 years. Contractor comments will remain a part of the record unless the Contractor revises them.
- (3) As required by section 3010 of Pub. L. 111-212, all information posted in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will be publicly available.
- (d) Public requests for system information posted prior to April 15, 2011, will be handled under Freedom of Information Act procedures, including, where appropriate, procedures promulgated under E.O. 12600.

(End of clause)

52.209-10 Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.

As prescribed in 9.108-5(b), insert the following clause:

PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH INVERTED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS (NOV 2015)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Inverted domestic corporation" means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under <u>6 U.S.C. 395(b)</u>, applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.
- (b) If the contractor reorganizes as an inverted domestic corporation or becomes a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation at any time during the period of performance of this contract, the Government may be prohibited from paying for Contractor activities performed after the date when it becomes an inverted domestic corporation or subsidiary. The Government may seek any available remedies in the event the Contractor fails to perform in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract as a result of Government action under this clause.
 - (c) Exceptions to this prohibition are located at 9.108-2.
- (d) In the event the Contractor becomes either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation during contract performance, the Contractor shall give written notice to the Contracting Officer within five business days from the date of the inversion event.

(END OF CLAUSE)

52.209-11 Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

As prescribed in 9.104-7(d), insert the following provision:

REPRESENTATION BY CORPORATIONS REGARDING DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITY OR A FELONY CONVICTION UNDER ANY FEDERAL LAW (FEB 2016)

- (a) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, the Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
- (1) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or
- (2) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation

and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

- (b) The Offeror represents that—
- (1) It is \square is not \square a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
- (2) It is \Box is not \Box a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(End of provision)

52.209-12 Certification Regarding Tax Matters.

As prescribed in 9.104-7(e), insert the following provision:

CERTIFICATION REGARDING TAX MATTERS (FEB 2016)

- (a) This provision implements section 523 of Division B of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts.
- (b) If the Offeror is proposing a total contract price that will exceed \$5,000,000 (including options), the Offeror shall certify that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, it
- (1) Has □ filed all Federal tax returns required during the three years preceding the certification;
- (2) Has not □ been convicted of a criminal offense under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
- (3) Has not □, more than 90 days prior to certification, been notified of any unpaid Federal tax assessment for which the liability remains unsatisfied, unless the assessment is the subject of an installment agreement or offer in compromise that has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service and is not in default, or the assessment is the subject of a non-frivolous administrative or judicial proceeding.

(End of provision)

52.210 [Reserved]

52.210-1 Market Research.

As prescribed in 10.003, insert the following clause:

MARKET RESEARCH (APR 2011)

- (a) Definition. As used in this clause—
- "Commercial item" and "nondevelopmental item" have the meaning contained in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101.
- (b) Before awarding subcontracts over the simplified acquisition threshold for items other than commercial items, the Contractor shall conduct market research to—

- (1) Determine if commercial items or, to the extent commercial items suitable to meet the agency's needs are not available, nondevelopmental items are available that—
 - (i) Meet the agency's requirements;
- (ii) Could be modified to meet the agency's requirements; or
- (iii) Could meet the agency's requirements if those requirements were modified to a reasonable extent; and
- (2) Determine the extent to which commercial items or nondevelopmental items could be incorporated at the component level.

(End of clause)

52.211-1 Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29.

As prescribed in 11.204(a), insert the following provision:

AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS, FPMR PART 101-29 (Aug 1998)

(a) The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29, and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to—

GSA Federal Supply Service Specifications Section, Suite 8100 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW Washington, DC 20407

Telephone (202) 619-8925 Facsimile (202) 619-8978.

(b) If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (a) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

(End of provision)

52.211-2 Availability of Specifications, Standards, and Data Item Descriptions Listed in the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST).

As prescribed in $\underline{11.204}$ (b), insert the following provision:

AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS, AND DATA ITEM DESCRIPTIONS LISTED IN THE ACQUISITION

STREAMLINING AND STANDARDIZATION INFORMATION SYSTEM (ASSIST) (APR 2014)

- (a) Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the following ASSIST websites:
 - (1) ASSIST (https://assist.dla.mil/online/start/);
 - (2) Quick Search (http://quicksearch.dla.mil/);
 - (3) ASSISTdocs.com (http://assistdocs.com).
- (b) Documents not available from ASSIST may be ordered from the Department of Defense Single Stock Point (DoDSSP) by—
- (1) Using the ASSIST Shopping Wizard (https://assist.dla.mil/wizard/index.cfm);
- (2) Phoning the DoDSSP Customer Service Desk (215) 697-2179, Mon-Fri, 0730 to 1600 EST; or
- (3) Ordering from DoDSSP, Building 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Telephone (215) 697-2667/2179, Facsimile (215) 697-1462.

(End of provision)

52.211-3 Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.

As prescribed in <u>11.204</u>(c), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (JUNE 1988)

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from:

(Activity)	
(Complete address)	
(Telephone number)	
(Person to be contacted)	

The request should identify the solicitation number and the specification requested by date, title, and number, as cited in the solicitation.

(End of provision)

52.211-4 Availability for Examination of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.

As prescribed in <u>11.204</u>(d), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

AVAILABILITY FOR EXAMINATION OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL

SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAI	L ITEM
DESCRIPTIONS (JUNE 1988)	

(Activity)
(Complete address)
(Telephone number)
•
(Person to be contacted)
(Time(s) for viewing)

(End of provision)

52.211-5 Material Requirements.

As prescribed in 11.304, insert the following clause:

MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS (AUG 2000)

(a) Definitions.

As used in this clause—

"New" means composed of previously unused components, whether manufactured from virgin material, recovered material in the form of raw material, or materials and by-products generated from, and reused within, an original manufacturing process; *provided* that the supplies meet contract requirements, including but not limited to, performance, reliability, and life expectancy.

"Reconditioned" means restored to the original normal operating condition by readjustments and material replacement.

"Recovered material" means waste materials and by-products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.

"Remanufactured" means factory rebuilt to original specifications.

"Virgin material" means—

- (1) Previously unused raw material, including previously unused copper, aluminum, lead, zinc, iron, other metal or metal ore; or
- (2) Any undeveloped resource that is, or with new technology will become, a source of raw materials.
- (b) Unless this contract otherwise requires virgin material or supplies composed of or manufactured from virgin material, the Contractor shall provide supplies that are new, reconditioned, or remanufactured, as defined in this clause.
- (c) A proposal to provide unused former Government surplus property shall include a complete description of the material, the quantity, the name of the Government agency from which acquired, and the date of acquisition.
- (d) A proposal to provide used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies shall include a detailed description of such

supplies and shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval.

(e) Used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies, or unused former Government surplus property, may be used in contract performance if the Contractor has proposed the use of such supplies, and the Contracting Officer has authorized their use.

(End of clause)

52.211-6 Brand Name or Equal.

As prescribed in 11.107(a), insert the following provision:

BRAND NAME OR EQUAL (AUG 1999)

- (a) If an item in this solicitation is identified as "brand name or equal," the purchase description reflects the characteristics and level of quality that will satisfy the Government's needs. The salient physical, functional, or performance characteristics that "equal" products must meet are specified in the solicitation.
- (b) To be considered for award, offers of "equal" products, including "equal" products of the brand name manufacturer, must—
- (1) Meet the salient physical, functional, or performance characteristic specified in this solicitation;
 - (2) Clearly identify the item by—
 - (i) Brand name, if any; and
 - (ii) Make or model number;
- (3) Include descriptive literature such as illustrations, drawings, or a clear reference to previously furnished descriptive data or information available to the Contracting Officer; and
- (4) Clearly describe any modifications the offeror plans to make in a product to make it conform to the solicitation requirements. Mark any descriptive material to clearly show the modifications.
- (c) The Contracting Officer will evaluate "equal" products on the basis of information furnished by the offeror or identified in the offer and reasonably available to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer is not responsible for locating or obtaining any information not identified in the offer.
- (d) Unless the offeror clearly indicates in its offer that the product being offered is an "equal" product, the offeror shall provide the brand name product referenced in the solicitation.

(End of provision)

52.211-7 Alternatives to Government-Unique Standards.

As prescribed in $\underline{11.107}$ (b), insert the following provision:

ALTERNATIVES TO GOVERNMENT-UNIQUE STANDARDS (Nov 1999)

(a) This solicitation includes Government-unique standards. The offeror may propose voluntary consensus standards that meet the Government's requirements as alternatives to the Government-unique standards. The Gov-

ernment will accept use of the voluntary consensus standard instead of the Government-unique standard if it meets the Government's requirements unless inconsistent with law or otherwise impractical.

- (b) If an alternative standard is proposed, the offeror must furnish data and/or information regarding the alternative in sufficient detail for the Government to determine if it meets the Government's requirements. Acceptance of the alternative standard is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Government.
- (c) Offers that do not comply with the Government-unique standards specified in this solicitation may be determined to be nonresponsive or unacceptable. The offeror may submit an offer that complies with the Government-unique standards specified in this solicitation, in addition to any proposed alternative standard(s).

(End of provision)

52.211-8 Time of Delivery.

As prescribed in 11.404(a)(2), insert the following clause:

TIME OF DELIVERY (JUNE 1997)

(a) The Government requires delivery to be made according to the following schedule:

	RED DELIVERY SCH	
ITEM No.	QUANTITY	WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF CONTRACT

The Government will evaluate equally, as regards time of delivery, offers that propose delivery of each quantity within the applicable delivery period specified above. Offers that propose delivery that will not clearly fall within the applicable required delivery period specified above, will be considered nonresponsive and rejected. The Government reserves the right to award under either the required delivery schedule or the proposed delivery schedule, when an offeror offers an earlier delivery schedule than required above. If the offeror proposes no other delivery schedule, the required delivery schedule above will apply.

OFFEROR'S 1	PROPOSED DELIVERY	Y SCHEDULE
ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF CONTRACT
		CONTRACT

(b) Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed, or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror, results in a binding contract. The Government will mail or otherwise furnish to the offeror an award or notice of award not later than the day award is dated. Therefore, the offeror should compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails. However, the Government will evaluate an offer that proposes delivery based on the Contractor's date of receipt of the contract or notice of award by adding (1) five calendar days for delivery of the award through the ordinary mails, or (2) one working day if the solicitation states that the contract or notice of award will be transmitted electronically. (The term "working day" excludes weekends and U.S. Federal holidays.) If, as so computed, the offered delivery date is later than the required delivery date, the offer will be considered nonresponsive and rejected.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "on or before"; "during the months ______"; or "not sooner than ______ or later than _____ as headings for the third column of paragraph (a) the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the Government will make award by _____[Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the contract is in fact awarded. Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. Therefore, the offeror should compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date the contractor will receive notice of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive notice of award by _____ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives notice of award; provided, that the Contractor promptly acknowledges receipt of notice of award.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is to be based on the actual date the contractor receives a written notice of award, the contracting officer may delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

52.211-9 Desired and Required Time of Delivery.

As prescribed in 11.404(a)(3), insert the following clause:

DESIRED AND REQUIRED TIME OF DELIVERY (JUNE 1997)

(a) The Government desires delivery to be made according to the following schedule:

	red Delivery Schi ag Officer insert spec	
ITEM No.	QUANTITY	WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF CONTRACT

If the offeror is unable to meet the desired delivery schedule, it may, without prejudicing evaluation of its offer, propose a delivery schedule below. However, the offeror's proposed delivery schedule must not extend the delivery period beyond the time for delivery in the Government's required delivery schedule as follows:

	RED DELIVERY SCH	
	g Officer insert spec	-
ITEM NO.	Quantity	WITHIN DAYS
		AFTER DATE OF
		CONTRACT

Offers that propose delivery of a quantity under such terms or conditions that delivery will not clearly fall within the applicable required delivery period specified above, will be considered nonresponsive and rejected. If the offeror proposes no other delivery schedule, the desired delivery schedule above will apply.

Offeror's	PROPOSED DELIVER	Y SCHEDULE
[Contractin	ig Officer insert spec	cific details]
ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	WITHIN DAYS AFTER DATE OF CONTRACT

(b) Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. The Government will mail or otherwise furnish to the offeror an award or notice of award not later than the day the award is dated. Therefore, the offeror shall compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails. However, the Government will evaluate an offer that proposes delivery based on the Contractor's date of receipt of the contract or notice of award by adding (1) five calendar days for delivery of the award through the ordinary mails, or (2) one working day if the solicitation states that the contract or notice of award will be transmitted electronically. (The term "working day" excludes weekends and U.S. Federal holidays.) If, as so computed, the offered delivery date is later than the required delivery date, the offer will be considered nonresponsive and rejected.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "on or before"; "during the months ______"; or "not sooner than ______, or later than ______" as headings for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the Government will make award by _____ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the contract is in fact awarded. Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. Therefore, the offeror shall compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date the contractor receives notice of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading of the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive notice of award by _____ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives notice of award; provided, that the Contractor promptly acknowledges receipt of notice of award.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is to be based on the actual date the contractor receives a written notice of award, the contracting officer may delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading of the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

52.211-10 Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work.

As prescribed in 11.404(b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated. The clause may be changed to accommodate the issuance of orders under indefinite-delivery contracts for construction.

COMMENCEMENT, PROSECUTION, AND COMPLETION OF WORK (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall be required to (a) commence work under this contract within ______ [Contracting Officer insert number] calendar days after the date the Contractor receives the notice to proceed, (b) prosecute the work diligently, and (c) complete the entire work ready for use not later than ______.* The time stated for completion shall include final cleanup of the premises.

(End of clause)

* The Contracting Officer shall specify either a number of days after the date the contractor receives the notice to proceed, or a calendar date.

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the completion date is expressed as a specific calendar date, computed on the basis of the contractor receiving the notice to proceed by a certain day, add the following paragraph to the basic clause:

The completion date is based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive the notice to proceed by

[Contracting Officer insert date]. The completion date will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives the notice to

proceed, except to the extent that the delay in issuance of the notice to proceed results from the failure of the Contractor to execute the contract and give the required performance and payment bonds within the time specified in the offer.

52.211-11 Liquidated Damages—Supplies, Services, or Research and Development.

As prescribed in <u>11.503(a)</u>, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES—SUPPLIES, SERVICES, OR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (SEPT 2000)

- (a) If the Contractor fails to deliver the supplies or perform the services within the time specified in this contract, the Contractor shall, in place of actual damages, pay to the Government liquidated damages of \$______ per calendar day of delay [Contracting Officer insert amount].
- (b) If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part under the Default—Fixed-Price Supply and Service clause, the Contractor is liable for liquidated damages accruing until the Government reasonably obtains delivery or performance of similar supplies or services. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.
- (c) The Contractor will not be charged with liquidated damages when the delay in delivery or performance is beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor as defined in the Default—Fixed-Price Supply and Service clause in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.211-12 Liquidated Damages—Construction.

As prescribed in $\underline{11.503}$ (b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES—CONSTRUCTION (SEPT 2000)

- (a) If the Contractor fails to complete the work within the time specified in the contract, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the Government in the amount of ______ [Contracting Officer insert amount] for each calendar day of delay until the work is completed or accepted.
- (b) If the Government terminates the Contractor's right to proceed, liquidated damages will continue to accrue until the work is completed. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.

(End of clause)

52.211-13 Time Extensions.

As prescribed in 11.503(c), insert the following clause:

TIME EXTENSIONS (SEPT 2000)

Time extensions for contract changes will depend upon the extent, if any, by which the changes cause delay in the completion of the various elements of construction. The change

order granting the time extension may provide that the contract completion date will be extended only for those specific elements related to the changed work and that the remaining contract completion dates for all other portions of the work will not be altered. The change order also may provide an equitable readjustment of liquidated damages under the new completion schedule.

(End of clause)

52.211-14 Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use.

As prescribed in 11.604(a), insert the following provision:

Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use (Apr 2008)

Any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation will be □ DX rated order; □ DO rated order certified for national defense, emergency preparedness, and energy program use under the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (DPAS) (15 CFR 700), and the Contractor will be required to follow all of the requirements of this regulation. [Contracting Officer check appropriate box.]

(End of provision)

52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.

As prescribed in $\underline{11.604}$ (b), insert the following clause:

DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENT (APR 2008)

This is a rated order certified for national defense, emergency preparedness, and energy program use, and the Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700).

(End of clause)

52.211-16 Variation in Quantity.

As prescribed in 11.703(a), insert the following clause:

VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984)

- (a) A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) of this clause.
 - (b) The permissible variation shall be limited to:

Percent increase [Contracting	Officer insert p	percentage]
Percent decrease	[Contracting	Officer insert	percentage

This increase or decrease shall apply to _____.*

(End of clause)

- * Contracting Officer shall insert in the blank the designation(s) to which the percentages apply, such as—
- (1) The total contract quantity;
- (2) Item 1 only;
- (3) Each quantity specified in the delivery schedule;
- (4) The total item quantity for each destination; or
- (5) The total quantity of each item without regard to destination.

(End of clause)

52.211-17 Delivery of Excess Quantities.

As prescribed in 11.703(b), insert the following clause:

DELIVERY OF EXCESS QUANTITIES (SEPT 1989)

The Contractor is responsible for the delivery of each item quantity within allowable variations, if any. If the Contractor delivers and the Government receives quantities of any item in excess of the quantity called for (after considering any allowable variation in quantity), such excess quantities will be treated as being delivered for the convenience of the Contractor. The Government may retain such excess quantities up to \$250 in value without compensating the Contractor therefor, and the Contractor waives all right, title, or interests therein. Quantities in excess of \$250 will, at the option of the Government, either be returned at the Contractor's expense or retained and paid for by the Government at the contract unit price.

(End of clause)

52.211-18 Variation in Estimated Quantity.

As prescribed in $\underline{11.703}(c)$, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated that authorizes a variation in the estimated quantity of unit-priced items:

VARIATION IN ESTIMATED QUANTITY (APR 1984)

If the quantity of a unit-priced item in this contract is an estimated quantity and the actual quantity of the unit-priced item varies more than 15 percent above or below the estimated quantity, an equitable adjustment in the contract price shall be made upon demand of either party. The equitable adjustment shall be based upon any increase or decrease in costs due solely to the variation above 115 percent or below 85 percent of the estimated quantity. If the quantity variation is such as to cause an increase in the time necessary for completion, the Contractor may request, in writing, an extension of time, to be received by the Contracting Officer within 10 days from the beginning of the delay, or within such further period as may be granted by the Contracting Officer before the date of final settlement of the contract. Upon the receipt of a written request for an extension, the Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and make an adjustment for extending the completion date as, in the judgement of the Contracting Officer, is justified.

(End of clause)

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- (l) *Debriefing*. If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the following information, if applicable:
- (1) The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed offeror's offer.
- (2) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and the debriefed offeror and past performance information on the debriefed offeror.
- (3) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.
 - (4) A summary of the rationale for award;
- (5) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.
- (6) Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether source-selection procedures set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

(End of provision)

52.212-2 Evaluation—Commercial Items.

As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}(c)$, the Contracting Officer may insert a provision substantially as follows:

EVALUATION—COMMERCIAL ITEMS (OCT 2014)

(a) The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror whose offer conforming to the solicitation will be most advantageous to the Government, price and other factors considered. The following factors shall be used to evaluate offers:

[Contracting Officer shall insert the significant evaluation factors, such as (i) technical capability of the item offered to meet the Government requirement; (ii) price; (iii) past performance (see FAR <u>15.304</u>); and include them in the relative order of importance of the evaluation factors, such as in descending order of importance.]

Technical and past performance, when combined, are _____ [Contracting Officer state, in accordance with FAR 15.304, the relative importance of all other evaluation factors, when combined, when compared to price.]

(b) *Options*. The Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. The Government may determine that an offer is unacceptable if the option prices are significantly unbalanced. Evaluation of options shall not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

(c) A written notice of award or acceptance of an offer, mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time for acceptance specified in the offer, shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party. Before the offer's specified expiration time, the Government may accept an offer (or part of an offer), whether or not there are negotiations after its receipt, unless a written notice of withdrawal is received before award.

(End of provision)

52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items.

As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}(b)(2)$, insert the following provision:

OFFEROR REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS— COMMERCIAL ITEMS (FEB 2016)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM) website accessed through http://www.acquisition.gov. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (q) of this provision.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

"Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern" means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Highest-level owner" means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

"Immediate owner" means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

"Inverted domestic corporation", means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under <u>6 U.S.C. 395(b)</u>, applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials:
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
 - (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
 - (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
 - (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible:
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
 - (8) PSC 9610, Ores;
 - (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
 - (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

"Place of manufacture" means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

"Restricted business operations" means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;

- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
 - (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.

"Sensitive technology"—

- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—
- (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
- (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"—

- (1) Means a small business concern—
- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.

"Small disadvantaged business concern", consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—

- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by—
- (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
- (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by indi-

viduals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

"Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation. "Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—
- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned business concern" means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

"Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program" (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127), means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

- (b)(1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications posted on the SAM website.

[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (q) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.

These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

- (c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.
- (1) *Small business concern*. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it \square is, \square is not a small business concern.
- (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it \Box is, \Box is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ?is, ?is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, that it \Box is, \Box is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
- (5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it \Box is, \Box is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a womenowned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—
- (i) It \square is, \square is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and
- (ii) It \Box is, \Box is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program and other small businesses that are participating in the

joint venture: ______.] Each WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation

- (7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that—
- (i) It \Box is, \Box is not an EDWOSB concern, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and
- (ii) It □ is, □ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate for each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern and other small businesses that are participating in the joint venture: ______.] Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation.

NOTE: Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

- (8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it \Box is a women-owned business concern.
- (9) The bid priority for labor surplus area concerns. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:
- (10) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—
- (i) It □ is, □ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and
- (ii) It \square is, \square is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is

- accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: ______.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.
- (d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246—(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that—
- (i) It \Box has, \Box has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and
- (ii) It \square has, \square has not filed all required compliance reports.
- (2) *Affirmative Action Compliance*. The offeror represents that—
- (i) It \Box has developed and has on file, \Box has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or
- (ii) It \square has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
- (e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
- (f) *Buy American Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American—Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)
- (1) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

- (q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.
- (1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
- (i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or
- (ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.
 - (2) The Offeror represents that—
- (i) It is \Box is not \Box a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
- (ii) It is \Box is not \Box a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(End of provision)

Alternate I (Oct 2014). As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}$ (b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(11) to the basic provision:

(11) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(4) of this provision.)

Black American.
Hispanic American.
Native American (American Indians, Eskimos Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).
Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from
Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei
Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam
Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the
Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Common
wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao
Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (per-
sons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka
Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

____ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.

52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items.

As prescribed in 12.301(b)(3), insert the following clause:

CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS—COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAY 2015)

- (a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights—
- (1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and
- (2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.
- (b) Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (e.g., use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.
- (c) *Changes*. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.
- (d) *Disputes*. This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.
- (e) *Definitions*. The clause at FAR <u>52.202-1</u>, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.
- (f) Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or con-

tractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

- (g) *Invoice*.(1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include—
 - (i) Name and address of the Contractor;
 - (ii) Invoice date and number;
- (iii) Contract number, contract line item number and, if applicable, the order number;
- (iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;
- (v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;
- (vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered:
- (vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;
- (viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and
- (ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
- (x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.
- (A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
- (B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.
- (C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.
- (2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.
- (h) Patent indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

- (i) Payment.—(1) Items accepted. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.
- (2) *Prompt payment*. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.
- (3) Electronic Funds Transfer(EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see $\underline{52.212-5}$ (b) for the appropriate EFT clause.
- (4) *Discount*. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.
- (5) Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall—
- (i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the—
- (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (*e.g.*, duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
- (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
- (C) Affected contract line item or subline item, if applicable; and
 - (D) Contractor point of contact.
- (ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.
- (6) *Interest.* (i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.
- (ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.
- (iii) *Final decisions*. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if—
- (A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;
- (B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
- (C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see 32.607-2).

- (iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.
- (v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:
 - (A) The date fixed under this contract.
- (B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.
- (vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on—
- (A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
- (B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
- (C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.
- (vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.608-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.
- (j) *Risk of loss*. Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:
- (1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or
- (2) Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.
- (k) *Taxes*. The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.
- (1) Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.
- (m) Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of

- any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.
- (n) *Title*. Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.
- (o) *Warranty*. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.
- (p) Limitation of liability. Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.
- (q) *Other compliances*. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.
- (r) Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts. The Contractor agrees to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1352 relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; 18 U.S.C. 431 relating to officials not to benefit; 40 U.S.C. chapter 37, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards; 41 U.S.C. chapter 87, Kickbacks; 41 U.S.C. 4712 and 10 U.S.C. 2409 relating to whistleblower protections; 49 U.S.C. 40118, Fly American; and 41 U.S.C. chapter 21 relating to procurement integrity.
- (s) *Order of precedence*. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:
 - (1) The schedule of supplies/services.
- (2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, and Unauthorized Obligations paragraphs of this clause;
 - (3) The clause at 52.212-5.
- (4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.
 - (5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.
 - (6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
 - (7) The Standard Form 1449.
 - (8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
 - (9) The specification.
- (t) System for Award Management (SAM). (1) Unless exempted by an addendum to this contract, the Contractor is responsible during performance and through final payment of any contract for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the SAM database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data.

To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document

- (2)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, "doing business as" name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in FAR Subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to (A) change the name in the SAM database; (B) comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12; and (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.
- (ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (t)(2)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (t)(2)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.
- (3) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see <u>Subpart 32.8</u>, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM database. Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.
- (4) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via SAM accessed through https://www.acquisition.gov.
- (u) *Unauthorized Obligations*(1) Except as stated in paragraph (u)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:
- (i) Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.
- (ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such

- clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (*e.g.*, "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.
- (iii) Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.
- (2) Paragraph (u)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.
- (v) *Incorporation by reference*. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (MAY 2014). When a time-and-materials or labor-hour contract is contemplated, substitute the following paragraphs (a), (e), (i), (l), and (m) for those in the basic clause.

- (a) Inspection/Acceptance. (1) The Government has the right to inspect and test all materials furnished and services performed under this contract, to the extent practicable at all places and times, including the period of performance, and in any event before acceptance. The Government may also inspect the plant or plants of the Contractor or any subcontractor engaged in contract performance. The Government will perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.
- (2) If the Government performs inspection or tests on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.
- (3) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government will accept or reject services and materials at the place of delivery as promptly as practicable after delivery, and they will be presumed accepted 60 days after the date of delivery, unless accepted earlier.
- (4) At any time during contract performance, but not later than 6 months (or such other time as may be specified in the contract) after acceptance of the services or materials last delivered under this contract, the Government may require the Contractor to replace or correct services or materials that at time of delivery failed to meet contract requirements. Except as otherwise specified in paragraph (a)(6) of this clause, the cost of replacement or correction shall be determined under paragraph (i) of this clause, but the "hourly rate" for labor hours incurred in the replacement or correction shall be reduced to exclude that portion of the rate attributable to profit. Unless otherwise specified below, the portion of the "hourly rate" attributable to profit shall be 10 percent. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance materials and services required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or

- correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken. [Insert portion of labor rate attributable to profit.]
- (5)(i) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, and if the replacement or correction can be performed within the ceiling price (or the ceiling price as increased by the Government), the Government may—
- (A) By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction, charge to the Contractor any increased cost, or deduct such increased cost from any amounts paid or due under this contract; or
 - (B) Terminate this contract for cause.
- (ii) Failure to agree to the amount of increased cost to be charged to the Contractor shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause of the contract.
- (6) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a)(4) and (5) above, the Government may at any time require the Contractor to remedy by correction or replacement, without cost to the Government, any failure by the Contractor to comply with the requirements of this contract, if the failure is due to—
- (i) Fraud, lack of good faith, or willful misconduct on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or
- (ii) The conduct of one or more of the Contractor's employees selected or retained by the Contractor after any of the Contractor's managerial personnel has reasonable grounds to believe that the employee is habitually careless or unqualified.
- (7) This clause applies in the same manner and to the same extent to corrected or replacement materials or services as to materials and services originally delivered under this contract
- (8) The Contractor has no obligation or liability under this contract to correct or replace materials and services that at time of delivery do not meet contract requirements, except as provided in this clause or as may be otherwise specified in the contract.
- (9) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor's obligation to correct or replace Government-furnished property shall be governed by the clause pertaining to Government property.
- (e) Definitions. (1) The clause at FAR $\underline{52.202-1}$, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference. As used in this clause—
- (i) *Direct materials* means those materials that enter directly into the end product, or that are used or consumed directly in connection with the furnishing of the end product or service.
- (ii) *Hourly rate* means the rate(s) prescribed in the contract for payment for labor that meets the labor category qualifications of a labor category specified in the contract that are—
 - (A) Performed by the contractor;
 - (B) Performed by the subcontractors; or
- (C) Transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control.

(iii) Materials means—

- (A) Direct materials, including supplies transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control;
- (B) Subcontracts for supplies and incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract:
- (C) Other direct costs (*e.g.*, incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract, travel, computer usage charges, etc.);
- (D) The following subcontracts for services which are specifically excluded from the hourly rate: [Insert any subcontracts for services to be excluded from the hourly rates prescribed in the schedule.]; and
- (E) Indirect costs specifically provided for in this clause.
- (iv) *Subcontract* means any contract, as defined in FAR <u>Subpart 2.1</u>, entered into with a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract including transfers between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.
- (i) *Payments.* (1) *Work performed.* The Government will pay the Contractor as follows upon the submission of commercial invoices approved by the Contracting Officer:
 - (i) Hourly rate.
- (A) The amounts shall be computed by multiplying the appropriate hourly rates prescribed in the contract by the number of direct labor hours performed. Fractional parts of an hour shall be payable on a prorated basis.
- (B) The rates shall be paid for all labor performed on the contract that meets the labor qualifications specified in the contract. Labor hours incurred to perform tasks for which labor qualifications were specified in the contract will not be paid to the extent the work is performed by individuals that do not meet the qualifications specified in the contract, unless specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer.
- (C) Invoices may be submitted once each month (or at more frequent intervals, if approved by the Contracting Officer) to the Contracting Officer or the authorized representative.
- (D) When requested by the Contracting Officer or the authorized representative, the Contractor shall substantiate invoices (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule) by evidence of actual payment, individual daily job timecards, records that verify the employees meet the qualifications for the labor categories specified in the contract, or other substantiation specified in the contract.
- (E) Unless the Schedule prescribes otherwise, the hourly rates in the Schedule shall not be varied by virtue of the Contractor having performed work on an overtime basis.
- (1) If no overtime rates are provided in the Schedule and the Contracting Officer approves overtime work in advance, overtime rates shall be negotiated.

- (2) Failure to agree upon these overtime rates shall be treated as a dispute under the Disputes clause of this contract.
- (3) If the Schedule provides rates for overtime, the premium portion of those rates will be reimbursable only to the extent the overtime is approved by the Contracting Officer.
 - (ii) Materials.
- (A) If the Contractor furnishes materials that meet the definition of a commercial item at <u>2.101</u>, the price to be paid for such materials shall not exceed the Contractor's established catalog or market price, adjusted to reflect the—
 - (1) Quantities being acquired; and
- (2) Any modifications necessary because of contract requirements.
- (B) Except as provided for in paragraph (i)(1)(ii)(A) and (D)(2) of this clause, the Government will reimburse the Contractor the actual cost of materials (less any rebates, refunds, or discounts received by the contractor that are identifiable to the contract) provided the Contractor—
- (1) Has made payments for materials in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice; or
- (2) Makes these payments within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government and such payment is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice.
 - (C) To the extent able, the Contractor shall—
- (1) Obtain materials at the most advantageous prices available with due regard to securing prompt delivery of satisfactory materials; and
- (2) Give credit to the Government for cash and trade discounts, rebates, scrap, commissions, and other amounts that are identifiable to the contract.
- (D) Other Costs. Unless listed below, other direct and indirect costs will not be reimbursed.
- (1) Other Direct Costs. The Government will reimburse the Contractor on the basis of actual cost for the following, provided such costs comply with the requirements in paragraph (i)(1)(ii)(B) of this clause: [Insert each element of other direct costs (e.g., travel, computer usage charges, etc. Insert "None" if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided. If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the elements of other direct charge(s) for that order or, if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided, insert 'None'."]
- (2) Indirect Costs (Material Handling, Subcontract Administration, etc.). The Government will reimburse the Contractor for indirect costs on a pro-rata basis over the period of contract performance at the following fixed price: [Insert a fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule. Insert "\$0" if no fixed price reimbursement for indirect costs will be provided. (If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule or, if no reimbursement for indirect costs, insert 'None')."]

- (2) Total cost. It is estimated that the total cost to the Government for the performance of this contract shall not exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule and the Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within such ceiling price. If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that the hourly rate payments and material costs that will accrue in performing this contract in the next succeeding 30 days, if added to all other payments and costs previously accrued, will exceed 85 percent of the ceiling price in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer giving a revised estimate of the total price to the Government for performing this contract with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during the performance of this contract, the Contractor has reason to believe that the total price to the Government for performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the then stated ceiling price, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, giving a revised estimate of the total price for performing this contract, with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during performance of this contract, the Government has reason to believe that the work to be required in performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the stated ceiling price, the Contracting Officer will so advise the Contractor, giving the then revised estimate of the total amount of effort to be required under the
- (3) Ceiling price. The Government will not be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the ceiling price in the Schedule, and the Contractor shall not be obligated to continue performance if to do so would exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule, unless and until the Contracting Officer notifies the Contractor in writing that the ceiling price has been increased and specifies in the notice a revised ceiling that shall constitute the ceiling price for performance under this contract. When and to the extent that the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule has been increased, any hours expended and material costs incurred by the Contractor in excess of the ceiling price before the increase shall be allowable to the same extent as if the hours expended and material costs had been incurred after the increase in the ceiling price.
- (4) Access to records. At any time before final payment under this contract, the Contracting Officer (or authorized representative) will have access to the following (access shall be limited to the listing below unless otherwise agreed to by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer):
- (i) Records that verify that the employees whose time has been included in any invoice meet the qualifications for the labor categories specified in the contract;
- (ii) For labor hours (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule), when time-cards are required as substantiation for payment—
- (A) The original timecards (paper-based or electronic);
 - (B) The Contractor's timekeeping procedures;
- (C) Contractor records that show the distribution of labor between jobs or contracts; and

- (D) Employees whose time has been included in any invoice for the purpose of verifying that these employees have worked the hours shown on the invoices.
- (iii) For material and subcontract costs that are reimbursed on the basis of actual cost—
- (A) Any invoices or subcontract agreements substantiating material costs; and
- (B) Any documents supporting payment of those invoices.
- (5) Overpayments/Underpayments. Each payment previously made shall be subject to reduction to the extent of amounts, on preceding invoices, that are found by the Contracting Officer not to have been properly payable and shall also be subject to reduction for overpayments or to increase for underpayments. The Contractor shall promptly pay any such reduction within 30 days unless the parties agree otherwise. The Government within 30 days will pay any such increases, unless the parties agree otherwise. The Contractor's payment will be made by check. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on an invoice payment, the Contractor shall—
- (i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the—
- (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (*e.g.*, duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
- (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
- (C) Affected contract line item or subline item, if applicable; and
 - (D) Contractor point of contact.
- (ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.
- (6)(i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury, as provided in $\underline{41}$ $\underline{U.S.C.}$ 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, and then at the rate applicable for each six month period as established by the Secretary until the amount is paid.
- (ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.
- (iii) *Final Decisions*. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if—
- (A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt in a timely manner;
- (B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or

- (C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see FAR 32.607-2).
- (iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.
- (v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:
 - (A) The date fixed under this contract.
- (B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.
- (vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on—
- (A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
- (B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
- (C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.
- (vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in $\underline{32.608-2}$ of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.
- (viii) Upon receipt and approval of the invoice designated by the Contractor as the "completion invoice" and supporting documentation, and upon compliance by the Contractor with all terms of this contract, any outstanding balances will be paid within 30 days unless the parties agree otherwise. The completion invoice, and supporting documentation, shall be submitted by the Contractor as promptly as practicable following completion of the work under this contract, but in no event later than 1 year (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may approve in writing) from the date of completion.
- (7) Release of claims. The Contractor, and each assignee under an assignment entered into under this contract and in effect at the time of final payment under this contract, shall execute and deliver, at the time of and as a condition precedent to final payment under this contract, a release discharging the Government, its officers, agents, and employees of and from all liabilities, obligations, and claims arising out of or under this contract, subject only to the following exceptions.
- (i) Specified claims in stated amounts, or in estimated amounts if the amounts are not susceptible to exact statement by the Contractor.
- (ii) Claims, together with reasonable incidental expenses, based upon the liabilities of the Contractor to third parties arising out of performing this contract, that are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and of which the Contractor gives notice in writing to the Contracting Officer not more than 6 years after the date of the release or the date of any notice to the Contractor that the

Government is prepared to make final payment, whichever is earlier

- (iii) Claims for reimbursement of costs (other than expenses of the Contractor by reason of its indemnification of the Government against patent liability), including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the Contractor under the terms of this contract relating to patents.
- (8) *Prompt payment*. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.
- (9) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see $\underline{52.212-5}$ (b) for the appropriate EFT clause.
- (10) *Discount*. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date that appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.
- (1) Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid an amount for direct labor hours (as defined in the Schedule of the contract) determined by multiplying the number of direct labor hours expended before the effective date of termination by the hourly rate(s) in the contract, less any hourly rate payments already made to the Contractor plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system that have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred that reasonably could have been avoided.
- (m) Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items.

As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}$ (b)(4), insert the following clause:

CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS—
COMMERCIAL ITEMS (FEB 2016)

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:
- (1) <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015)
- (2) <u>52.233-3</u>, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).
- (3) $\underline{52.233-4}$, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004)(Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 ($\underline{19}$ U.S.C. 3805 note)).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

- __(1) <u>52.203-6</u>, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (SEPT 2006), with Alternate I (OCT 1995) (41 U.S.C. 4704 and 10 U.S.C. 2402).
- __ (2) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (OCT 2015) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>)).
- ___(3) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (JUNE 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)
- __ (4) <u>52.204-10</u>, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (OCT 2015) (Pub. L. 109-282) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>).
 - __(5) [Reserved].
- __ (6) <u>52.204-14</u>, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (JAN 2014) (PuB. L. 111-117, section 743 OF DIV. C).
- __ (7) <u>52.204-15</u>, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (JAN 2014) (PUB. L. 111-117, section 743 OF DIV. C).
- __ (8) <u>52.209-6</u>, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment. (OCT 2015) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).
- __ (9) <u>52.209-9</u>, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (JUL 2013) (41 U.S.C. 2313).
 - __ (10) [Reserved].
- __ (11)(i)<u>52.219-3</u>, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Nov 2011) (<u>15 U.S.C. 657a</u>).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011) of 52.219-3.
- __ (12)(i)52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (OCT 2014) (if

- the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (15 U.S.C. 657a).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (JAN 2011) of 52.219-4.
 - __ (13) [Reserved]
- __ (14)(i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644).
 - __(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011).
 - __ (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2011).
- __ (15)(i) <u>52.219-7</u>, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (JUNE 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 1995) of 52.219-7.
 - (iii) Alternate II (MAR 2004) of 52.219-7.
- __ (16) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT <u>2014</u>) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)).
- __ (17)(i) <u>52.219-9</u>, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (OCT 2015) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)</u>).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2001) of 52.219-9.
 - __ (iii) Alternate II (OCT 2001) of 52.219-9.
 - __ (iv) Alternate III (OCT 2015) of <u>52.219-9</u>.
- __ (18) $\underline{52.219-13}$, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Nov 2011) ($\underline{15}$ U.S.C. $\underline{644(r)}$).
- $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ (19) $\underline{52.219-14}$, Limitations on Subcontracting (Nov 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)).
- __ (20) <u>52.219-16</u>, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (JAN 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
- __(21) <u>52.219-27</u>, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2011) (<u>15 U.S.C. 657</u> f).
- __ (22) <u>52.219-28</u>, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (JUL 2013) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
- __ (23) <u>52.219-29</u>, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (DEC 2015) (<u>15 U.S.C.</u> 637(m)).
- _____ (24) <u>52.219-30</u>, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (DEC 2015) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
- ___ (25) <u>52.222-3</u>, Convict Labor (JUNE 2003) (E.O. 11755).
- __ (26) <u>52.222-19</u>, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (FEB 2016) (E.O. 13126).
- $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ (27) $\underline{52.222-21}$, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
- $\underline{\hspace{0.3cm}}$ (28) $\underline{52.222-26}$, Equal Opportunity (APR 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- __ (29) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (OCT 2015)(38 U.S.C. 4212).
- ___(30) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUL 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- __ (31) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- __ (32) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496).
- __ (33)(i) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (MAR 2015) (<u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O. 13627).

- __ (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of $\underline{52.222-50}$ ($\underline{22}$ U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).
- __(34) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015). (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.)
- __ (35)(i) <u>52.223-9</u>, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA–Designated Items (MAY 2008) (<u>42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)</u>). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- __ (ii) Alternate I (MAY 2008) of $\underline{52.223-9}$ (42 U.S.C. $\underline{6962(i)(2)(C)}$). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
- __ (36)(i)52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging Equipment (JUN 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
 - (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2015) of 52.223-13.
- __ (37)(i)52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-14.
- ___ (38) <u>52.223-15</u>, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (DEC 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).
- __ (39)(i) <u>52.223-16</u>, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (OCT 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of <u>52.223-16</u>.
- ___(40) <u>52.223-18</u>, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (AUG 2011) (E.O. 13513).
- ____(41) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American—Supplies (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).
- ___ (42)(i) <u>52.225-3</u>, Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 83</u>, <u>19 U.S.C. 3301</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 2112</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 3805</u> note, <u>19 U.S.C. 4001</u> note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43.
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (MAY 2014) of 52.225-3.
 - (iii) Alternate II (MAY 2014) of 52.225-3.
 - (iv) Alternate III (MAY 2014) of 52.225-3.
- ___ (43) <u>52.225-5</u>, Trade Agreements (FEB 2016) (19 U.S.C. 2501, *et seq.*, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).
- ___ (44) <u>52.225-13</u>, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUNE 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).
- ____ (45) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (JUL 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- __(46) <u>52.226-4</u>, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).
- ___ (47) <u>52.226-5</u>, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (<u>42 U.S.C.</u> 5150).

- __ (48) <u>52.232-29</u>, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (FEB 2002) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4505</u>, 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- ___ (49) <u>52.232-30</u>, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (OCT 1995) (<u>41 U.S.C. 4505</u>, 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).
- __ (50) <u>52.232-33</u>, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—System for Award Management (JUL 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- __ (51) <u>52.232-34</u>, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other than System for Award Management (JUL 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- (52) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (MAY 2014) (31 U.S.C. 3332).
- __ (53) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (AUG 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a).
- ___ (54)(i) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).
 - __ (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.
- (c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items: [Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]
- __(1) <u>52.222-17</u>, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (MAY 2014)(E.O. 13495).
- __ (2) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- __ (3) <u>52.222-42</u>, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (MAY 2014) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- ___(4) <u>52.222-43</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards-Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (MAY 2014) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- __ (5) <u>52.222-44</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards—Price Adjustment (MAY 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- __ (6) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment—Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- __ (7) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services—Requirements (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter</u> 67)
- ___ (8) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (DEC 2015) (E.O. 13658).
- __ (9) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (MAY 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792).
- __ (10) $\underline{52.237-11}$, Accepting and Dispensing of \$1 Coin (SEPT 2008) ($\underline{31 \text{ U.S.C. } 5112(p)(1)}$).
- (d) Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold,

- and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records—Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—
- (i) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (OCT 2015) (<u>41 U.S.C. 3509</u>).
- (ii) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2014) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iii) <u>52.222-17</u>, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (MAY 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (l) of FAR clause 52.222-17.
- (iv) $\underline{52.222-21}$, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015)
- (v) <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity (APR 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- (vi) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (OCT 2015) (38 U.S.C. 4212).
- (vii) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUL 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (viii) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>)
- (ix) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause <u>52.222-40</u>.

- (x) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xi) _(A) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (MAR 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
- __(B) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of $\underline{52.222-50}$ (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
- (xii) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- (xiii) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xiv) $\underline{52.222-54}$, Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015) (E.O. 12989).
- (xv) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (DEC 2015) (E.O. 13658).
- (xvi) <u>52.225-26</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (JUL 2013) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; <u>10 U.S.C. 2302 Note</u>).
- (xvii) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (MAY 2014) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.
- (xviii) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (<u>46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b)</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Feb 2000). As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}$ (b)(4)(i), delete paragraph (d) from the basic clause, redesignate paragraph (e) as paragraph (d), and revise the reference to "paragraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this clause" in the redesignated paragraph (d) to read "paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this clause."

Alternate II (Oct 2015). As prescribed in $\underline{12.301}$ (b)(4)(ii), substitute the following paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) for paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) of the basic clause as follows:

- (d)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector General appointed under section 3 or 8G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 ($\underline{5}$ U.S.C. App.), or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials shall have access to and right to—
- (i) Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractors' records that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, this contract; and
- (ii) Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), of this clause, the Contractor is

- not required to flow down any FAR clause in a subcontract for commercial items, other than—
- (i) Paragraph (d) of this clause. This paragraph flows down to all subcontracts, except the authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) does not flow down; and
- (ii) Those clauses listed in this paragraph (e)(1). Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—
- (A) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Oct 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509).
- (B) $\underline{52.203-15}$, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5).
- (C) $\underline{52.219-8}$, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) ($\underline{15~U.s.c.}$ 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include $\underline{52.219-8}$ in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (D) $\underline{52.222-21}$, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
- (E) $\underline{52.222-26}$, Equal Opportunity (Apr 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- (F) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Oct 2015) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).
- (G) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (H) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
- (I) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (J) ___(1) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Mar 2015) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
- ___(2) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of $\underline{52.222-50}$ (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
- (K) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment—Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (L) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services—Requirements (May 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>).
- $(M) \ \underline{52.222\text{-}54}, \ Employment \ Eligibility \ Verification (Oct 2015) \ (Executive \ Order \ 12989).$
- (N) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2015) (E.O. 13658).
- (O) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (May 2014) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

(P) $\underline{52.247-64}$, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. $\underline{1241(b)}$ and $\underline{10}$ U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause $\underline{52.247-64}$.

52.213-1 Fast Payment Procedure.

As prescribed in 13.404, insert the following clause:

FAST PAYMENT PROCEDURE (MAY 2006)

- (a) *General*. The Government will pay invoices based on the Contractor's delivery to a post office or common carrier (or, if shipped by other means, to the point of first receipt by the Government).
- (b) *Responsibility for supplies*.(1) Title to the supplies passes to the Government upon delivery to—
- (i) A post office or common carrier for shipment to the specific destination; or
- (ii) The point of first receipt by the Government, if shipment is by means other than Postal Service or common carrier
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement, the Contractor shall—
- (i) Assume all responsibility and risk of loss for supplies not received at destination, damaged in transit, or not conforming to purchase requirements; and
- (ii) Replace, repair, or correct those supplies promptly at the Contractor's expense, if instructed to do so by the Contracting Officer within 180 days from the date title to the supplies vests in the Government.
- (c) Preparation of invoice.(1) Upon delivery to a post office or common carrier (or, if shipped by other means, the point of first receipt by the Government), the Contractor shall—
- (i) Prepare an invoice as provided in this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement; and
- (ii) Display prominently on the invoice "FAST PAY." Invoices not prominently marked "FAST PAY" via manual or electronic means may be accepted by the payment office for fast payment. If the payment office declines to make fast payment, the Contractor shall be paid in accordance with procedures applicable to invoices to which the Fast Payment clause does not apply.
- (2) If the purchase price excludes the cost of transportation, the Contractor shall enter the prepaid shipping cost on the invoice as a separate item. The Contractor shall not include the cost of parcel post insurance. If transportation charges are stated separately on the invoice, the Contractor shall retain related paid freight bills or other transportation billings paid separately for a period of 3 years and shall furnish the bills to the Government upon request.
- (3) If this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement requires the preparation of a receiving report, the Contractor shall either—
- (i) Submit the receiving report on the prescribed form with the invoice; or
 - (ii) Include the following information on the invoice:

- (A) Shipment number.
- (B) Mode of shipment.
- (C) At line item level—
- (1) National stock number and/or manufacturer's part number;
 - (2) Unit of measure;
 - (3) Ship-To Point;
 - (4) Mark-For Point, if in the contract; and
 - (5) FEDSTRIP/MILSTRIP document num-

ber, if in the contract.

- (4) If this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement does not require preparation of a receiving report on a prescribed form, the Contractor shall include on the invoice the following information at the line item level, in addition to that required in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause:
 - (i) Ship-To Point.
 - (ii) Mark-For Point.
- (iii) FEDSTRIP/MILSTRIP document number, if in the contract.
- (5) Where a receiving report is not required, the Contractor shall include a copy of the invoice in each shipment.
- (d) Certification of invoice. The Contractor certifies by submitting an invoice to the Government that the supplies being billed to the Government have been shipped or delivered in accordance with shipping instructions issued by the ordering officer, in the quantities shown on the invoice, and that the supplies are in the quantity and of the quality designated by the contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement.
- (e) FAST PAY container identification. The Contractor shall mark all outer shipping containers "FAST PAY" When outer shipping containers are not marked "FAST PAY," the payment office may make fast payment. If the payment office declines to make fast payment, the Contractor shall be paid in accordance with procedures applicable to invoices to which the Fast Payment clause does not apply.

(End of clause)

52.213-2 Invoices.

As prescribed in 13.302-5(b), insert the following clause:

INVOICES (APR 1984)

The Contractor's invoices must be submitted before payment can be made. The Contractor will be paid on the basis of the invoice, which must state—

- (a) The starting and ending dates of the subscription delivery; and
- (b) Either that orders have been placed in effect for the addressees required, or that the orders will be placed in effect upon receipt of payment.

(End of clause)

52.213-3 Notice to Supplier.

As prescribed in 13.302-5(c), insert the following clause:

NOTICE TO SUPPLIER (APR 1984)

This is a firm order ONLY if your price does not exceed the maximum line item or total price in the Schedule. Submit invoices to the Contracting Officer. If you cannot perform in exact accordance with this order, WITHHOLD PERFORMANCE, and notify the Contracting Officer immediately, giving your quotation.

(End of clause)

52.213-4 Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (Other Than Commercial Items).

As prescribed in 13.302-5(d), insert the following clause:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITIONS (OTHER THAN COMMERCIAL ITEMS) (FEB 2016)

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses that are incorporated by reference:
- (1) The clauses listed below implement provisions of law or Executive order:
- (i) <u>52.222-3</u>, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O. 11755).
- (ii) $\underline{52.222-21}$, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
- (iii) <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity (APR 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- (iv) $\underline{52.225-13}$, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Jun 2008) (E.O.s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).
- (v) <u>52.233-3</u>, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).
- (vi) <u>52.233-4</u>, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Pub. L. 108-77, 108-78 (<u>19 U.S.C.</u> 3805 note)).
 - (2) Listed below are additional clauses that apply:
 - (i) 52.232-1, Payments (APR 1984).
- (ii) $\underline{52.232-8}$, Discounts for Prompt Payment (FEB 2002).
 - (iii) <u>52.232-11</u>, Extras (APR 1984).
 - (iv) 52.232-25, Prompt Payment (JUL 2013).
- (v) $\underline{52.232-39}$, Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations (Jun 2013).
- (vi) <u>52.232-40</u>, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (DEC 2013)
 - (vii) <u>52.233-1</u>, Disputes (MAY 2014).
- (viii) $\underline{52.244-6}$, Subcontracts for Commercial Items (FEB 2016).
- (ix) $\underline{52.253-1}$, Computer Generated Forms (JAN 1991).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the following FAR clauses, incorporated by reference, unless the circumstances do not apply:
- (1) The clauses listed below implement provisions of law or Executive order:

- (i) <u>52.204-10</u>, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (OCT 2015) (Pub. L. 109-282) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>) (Applies to contracts valued at \$30,000 or more).
- (ii) <u>52.222-19</u>, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (FEB 2016) (E.O. 13126) (Applies to contracts for supplies exceeding the micro-purchase threshold.)
- (iii) <u>52.222-20</u>, Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment Exceeding \$15,000 (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 65</u>) (Applies to supply contracts over \$15,000 in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Virgin Islands).
- (iv) $\underline{52.222-35}$, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (OCT 2015) $\underline{(38 \text{ U.S.C. } 4212)}$ (applies to contracts of \$150,000 or more).
- (v) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Employment for Workers with Disabilities (Jul 2014) (<u>29 U.S.C. 793</u>) (Applies to contracts over \$15,000, unless the work is to be performed outside the United States by employees recruited outside the United States.) (For purposes of this clause, "United States" includes the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.)
- (vi) $\underline{52.222-37}$, Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016) ($\underline{38~U.S.C.~4212}$) (Applies to contracts of \$150,000 or more).
- (vii) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>) (Applies to service contracts over \$2,500 that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and will be performed in the United States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Johnston Island, Wake Island, or the outer Continental Shelf).
- (viii)(A) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (MAR 2015) (<u>22 U.S.C. chapter 78</u> and E.O 13627) (Applies to all solicitations and contracts).
- (B) Alternate I (MAR 2015) (Applies if the Contracting Officer has filled in the following information with regard to applicable directives or notices: Document title(s), source for obtaining document(s), and contract performance location outside the United States to which the document applies).
- (ix) <u>52.222-55</u>, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (DEC 2015) (Executive Order 13658) (Applies when <u>52.222-6</u> or <u>52.222-41</u> are in the contract and performance in whole or in part is in the United States (the 50 States and the District of Columbia)).
- (x) <u>52.223-5</u>, Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information (MAY 2011) (E.O. 13423) (Applies to services performed on Federal facilities).
- (xi) <u>52.223-15</u>, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (DEC 2007) (<u>42 U.S.C. 8259b</u>) (Unless

exempt pursuant to <u>23.204</u>, applies to contracts when energy-consuming products listed in the ENERGY STAR® Program or Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)) will be—

- (A) Delivered:
- (B) Acquired by the Contractor for use in performing services at a Federally-controlled facility;
- (C) Furnished by the Contractor for use by the Government; or
- (D) Specified in the design of a building or work, or incorporated during its construction, renovation, or maintenance).
- (xii) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American—Supplies (MAY 2014) (<u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>) (Applies to contracts for supplies, and to contracts for services involving the furnishing of supplies, for use in the United States or its outlying areas, if the value of the supply contract or supply portion of a service contract exceeds the micro-purchase threshold and the acquisition—
 - (A) Is set aside for small business concerns; or
- (B) Cannot be set aside for small business concerns (see 19.502-2), and does not exceed \$25,000).
- (xiii) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (MAY 2014) (<u>42 U.S.C. 1792</u>) (Applies to contracts greater than \$25,000 that provide for the provision, the service, or the sale of food in the United States).
- (xiv) <u>52.232-33</u>, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—System for Award Management (JUL 2013) (Applies when the payment will be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT) and the payment office uses the System for Award Management (SAM) database as its source of EFT information).
- (xv) $\underline{52.232-34}$, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other than System for Award Management (JUL 2013) (Applies when the payment will be made by EFT and the payment office does not use the SAM database as its source of EFT information).
- (xvi) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (<u>46 U.S.C. App. 1241</u>) (Applies to supplies transported by ocean vessels (except for the types of subcontracts listed at 47.504(d)).
 - (2) Listed below are additional clauses that may apply:
- (i) <u>52.209-6</u>, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (OCT 2015) (Applies to contracts over \$35,000).
- (ii) <u>52.211-17</u>, Delivery of Excess Quantities (SEPT 1989) (Applies to fixed-price supplies).
- (iii) $\underline{52.247-29}$, F.o.b. Origin (FEB 2006) (Applies to supplies if delivery is f.o.b. origin).
- (iv) <u>52.247-34</u>, F.o.b. Destination (Nov 1991) (Applies to supplies if delivery is f.o.b. destination).

(c) FAR <u>52.252-2</u>, Clauses Incorporated by Reference (FEB 1998). This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

[Insert one or more Internet addresses]

- (d) *Inspection/Acceptance*. The Contractor shall tender for acceptance only those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. The Government must exercise its postacceptance rights—
- (1) Within a reasonable period of time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and
- (2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.
- (e) Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence, such as acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.
- (f) Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges that the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government, using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work per-

formed or costs incurred that reasonably could have been avoided.

(g) Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any

amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

(h) *Warranty*. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

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NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR PROJECT LABOR AGREEMENT (MAY 2010)

- (a) *Definitions*. "Labor organization" and "project labor agreement," as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled Project Labor Agreement.
- (b) Consistent with applicable law, the offeror shall negotiate a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract.
- (c) Consistent with applicable law, the project labor agreement reached pursuant to this provision shall—
- (1) Bind the offeror and all subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to comply with the project labor agreement;
- (2) Allow the offeror and all subcontractors to compete for contracts and subcontracts without regard to whether they are otherwise parties to collective bargaining agreements;
- (3) Contain guarantees against strikes, lockouts, and similar job disruptions;
- (4) Set forth effective, prompt, and mutually binding procedures for resolving labor disputes arising during the term of the project labor agreement;
- (5) Provide other mechanisms for labor-management cooperation on matters of mutual interest and concern, including productivity, quality of work, safety, and health; and
- (6) Fully conform to all statutes, regulations, Executive orders, and agency requirements.
- (d) Any project labor agreement reached pursuant to this provision does not change the terms of this contract or provide for any price adjustment by the Government.
- (e) The offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer a copy of the project labor agreement with its offer.

(End of provision)

Alternate I(May 2010). As prescribed in 22.505(a)(1), substitute the following paragraphs (b) and (e) for paragraphs (b) and (e) of the basic clause.

- (b) The apparent successful offeror shall negotiate a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract.
- (e) The apparent successful offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer a copy of the project labor agreement prior to contract award.

Alternate II (May 2010). As prescribed in 22.505(a)(2), substitute the following paragraph (b) in lieu of paragraphs (b) through (e) of the basic clause:

(b) Consistent with applicable law, if awarded the contract, the offeror shall negotiate a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract.

52.222-34 Project Labor Agreement.

As prescribed in 22.505(b)(1), insert the following clause:

PROJECT LABOR AGREEMENT (MAY 2010)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Labor organization" means a labor organization as defined in 29 U.S.C. 152(5).

"Project labor agreement" means a pre-hire collective bargaining agreement with one or more labor organizations that establishes the terms and conditions of employment for a specific construction project and is an agreement described in 29 U.S.C. 158(f).

- (b) The Contractor shall maintain in a current status throughout the life of the contract the project labor agreement entered into prior to the award of this contract in accordance with solicitation provision 52.222-33, Notice of Requirement for Project Labor Agreement.
- (c) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts with subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (May 2010). As prescribed in $\underline{22.505}$ (b)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (b) through (f) for paragraphs (b) and (c) of the basic clause:

- (b) Consistent with applicable law, the Contractor shall negotiate a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of this construction contract. The Contractor shall submit an executed copy of the project labor agreement to the Contracting Officer.
- (c) Consistent with applicable law, the project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause shall—
- (1) Bind the Contractor and all subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to comply with the project labor agreement;
- (2) Allow the Contractor and all subcontractors to compete for contracts and subcontracts without regard to whether they are otherwise parties to collective bargaining agreements;
- (3) Contain guarantees against strikes, lockouts, and similar job disruptions;
- (4) Set forth effective, prompt, and mutually binding procedures for resolving labor disputes arising during the project labor agreement;
- (5) Provide other mechanisms for labor-management cooperation on matters of mutual interest and concern, including productivity, quality of work, safety, and health; and
- (6) Fully conform to all statutes, regulations, Executive orders, and agency requirements.
- (d) Any project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause does not change the terms of this contract or provide for any price adjustment by the Government.
- (e) The Contractor shall maintain in a current status throughout the life of the contract the project labor agreement entered into pursuant to this clause.
- (f) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall require subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to

agree to any project labor agreement negotiated by the prime contractor pursuant to this clause, and shall include the substance of paragraphs (d) through (f) of this clause in all subcontracts with subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project.

52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans.

As prescribed in 22.1310(a)(1), insert the following clause:

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS (OCT 2015)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at FAR 22.1301.

- (b) *Equal opportunity clause*. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-300.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified protected veterans, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.
- (c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

Alternate $I(Jul\ 2014)$. As prescribed in $\underline{22.1310}(a)(2)$, add the following as a preamble to the clause:

NOTICE: The f	following	term(s)	of	this	clause	are	waived	for
this contract: _					_ [List i	term	(s)].	

52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities.

As prescribed in $\underline{22.1408}$ (a), insert the following clause:

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES (JUL 2014)

- (a) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-741.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals on the basis of disability, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.
- (b) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$15,000 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of

the Secretary, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the U.S. Department of Labor, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Jul 2014). As prescribed in $\underline{22.1408}$ (b), add the following as a preamble to the clause:

NOTICE: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for this contract: _____ [*List term(s)*].

52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans.

As prescribed in 22.1310(b), insert the following clause:

EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON VETERANS (FEB 2016)

- (a) *Definitions*. As used in this clause, "active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," and "recently separated veteran," have the meanings given in FAR 22.1301.
- (b) Unless the Contractor is a State or local government agency, the Contractor shall report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on—
- (1) The total number of employees in the contractor's workforce, by job category and hiring location, who are protected veterans (*i.e.*, active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, disabled veterans, and recently separated veterans);
- (2) The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of the total, the number of protected veterans (*i.e.*, active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, disabled veterans, and recently separated veterans); and
- (3) The maximum number and minimum number of employees of the Contractor or subcontractor at each hiring location during the period covered by the report.
- (c) The Contractor shall report the above items by filing the VETS-4212 "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report" (see "VETS-4212 Federal Contractor Reporting" and "Filing Your VETS-4212 Report" at http://www.dol.gov/vets/vets4212.htm).
- (d) The Contractor shall submit VETS-4212 Reports no later than September 30 of each year.
- (e) The employment activity report required by paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause shall reflect total new hires, and maximum and minimum number of employees, during the most recent 12-month period preceding the ending date selected for the report. Contractors may select an ending date—

- (1) As of the end of any pay period between July 1 and August 31 of the year the report is due; or
- (2) As of December 31, if the Contractor has prior written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).
- (f) The number of veterans reported must be based on data known to the contractor when completing the VETS-4212. The contractor's knowledge of veterans status may be obtained in a variety of ways, including an invitation to applicants to self-identify (in accordance with 41 CFR 60-300.42), voluntary self-disclosure by employees, or actual knowledge of veteran status by the contractor. This paragraph does not relieve an employer of liability for discrimination under 38 U.S.C. 4212.
- (g) The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(End of clause)

52.222-38 Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements.

As prescribed in $\underline{22.1310}(c)$, insert the following provision:

COMPLIANCE WITH VETERANS' EMPLOYMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (Feb 2016)

By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212(d) (*i.e.*, if it has any contract containing Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans), it has filed the most recent VETS-4212A Report required by that clause.

(End of provision)

52.222-39 [Reserved]

52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.

As prescribed in 22.1605, insert the following clause:

NOTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT (DEC 2010)

(a) During the term of this contract, the Contractor shall post an employee notice, of such size and in such form, and containing such content as prescribed by the Secretary of Labor, in conspicuous places in and about its plants and offices where employees covered by the National Labor Relations Act engage in activities relating to the performance of the contract, including all places where notices to employees are customarily posted both physically and electronically, in

- the languages employees speak, in accordance with 29 CFR 471.2 (d) and (f).
- (1) Physical posting of the employee notice shall be in conspicuous places in and about the Contractor's plants and offices so that the notice is prominent and readily seen by employees who are covered by the National Labor Relations Act and engage in activities related to the performance of the contract.
- (2) If the Contractor customarily posts notices to employees electronically, then the Contractor shall also post the required notice electronically by displaying prominently, on any website that is maintained by the Contractor and is customarily used for notices to employees about terms and conditions of employment, a link to the Department of Labor's website that contains the full text of the poster. The link to the Department's website, as referenced in (b)(3) of this section, must read, "Important Notice about Employee Rights to Organize and Bargain Collectively with Their Employers."
- (b) This required employee notice, printed by the Department of Labor, may be—
- (1) Obtained from the Division of Interpretations and Standards, Office of Labor-Management Standards, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room N-5609, Washington, DC 20210, (202) 693-0123, or from any field office of the Office of Labor-Management Standards or Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs;
- (2) Provided by the Federal contracting agency if requested;
- (3) Downloaded from the Office of Labor–Management Standards Web site at http://www.dol.gov/olms/regs/compliance/E013496.htm; or
- (4) Reproduced and used as exact duplicate copies of the Department of Labor's official poster.
- (c) The required text of the employee notice referred to in this clause is located at Appendix A, Subpart A, 29 CFR Part 471.
- (d) The Contractor shall comply with all provisions of the employee notice and related rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- (e) In the event that the Contractor does not comply with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause, this contract may be terminated or suspended in whole or in part, and the Contractor may be suspended or debarred in accordance with 29 CFR 471.14 and subpart <u>9.4</u>. Such other sanctions or remedies may be imposed as are provided by 29 CFR part 471, which implements Executive Order 13496 or as otherwise provided by law.
- (f) *Subcontracts*. (1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in every subcontract that exceeds \$10,000 and will be performed wholly or partially in the United States, unless exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 3 of Executive Order 13496 of Jan-

uary 30, 2009, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor.

- (2) The Contractor shall not procure supplies or services in a way designed to avoid the applicability of Executive Order 13496 or this clause.
- (3) The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions, including the imposition of sanctions for noncompliance.
- (4) However, if the Contractor becomes involved in litigation with a subcontractor, or is threatened with such involvement, as a result of such direction, the Contractor may request the United States, through the Secretary of Labor, to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(End of clause)

52.222-41 Service Contract Labor Standards.

As prescribed in 22.1006(a), insert the following clause:

SERVICE CONTRACT LABOR STANDARDS (MAY 2014)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Contractor," when this clause is used in any subcontract, shall be deemed to refer to the subcontractor, except in the term "Government Prime Contractor."

"Service employee" means any person engaged in the performance of this contract other than any person employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, as these terms are defined in Part 541 of Title 29, *Code of Federal Regulations*, as revised. It includes all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a Contractor or subcontractor and such persons.

- (b) *Applicability*. This contract is subject to the following provisions and to all other applicable provisions of <u>41 U.S.C. chapter 67</u>, Service Contract Labor Standards, and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR Part 4). This clause does not apply to contracts or subcontracts administratively exempted by the Secretary of Labor or exempted by <u>41 U.S.C. 6702</u>, as interpreted in Subpart C of 29 CFR Part 4.
- (c) Compensation.(1) Each service employee employed in the performance of this contract by the Contractor or any subcontractor shall be paid not less than the minimum monetary wages and shall be furnished fringe benefits in accordance with the wages and fringe benefits determined by the Secretary of Labor, or authorized representative, as specified in any wage determination attached to this contract.
- (2)(i) If a wage determination is attached to this contract, the Contractor shall classify any class of service employee which is not listed therein and which is to be employed under the contract (*i.e.*, the work to be performed is not performed by any classification listed in the wage determination) so as to provide a reasonable relationship (*i.e.*, appropriate level of skill comparison) between such

unlisted classifications and the classifications listed in the wage determination. Such conformed class of employees shall be paid the monetary wages and furnished the fringe benefits as are determined pursuant to the procedures in this paragraph (c).

- (ii) This conforming procedure shall be initiated by the Contractor prior to the performance of contract work by the unlisted class of employee. The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 1444, Request For Authorization of Additional Classification and Rate, to the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days after the unlisted class of employee performs any contract work. The Contracting Officer shall review the proposed classification and rate and promptly submit the completed SF 1444 (which must include information regarding the agreement or disagreement of the employees' authorized representatives or the employees themselves together with the agency recommendation), and all pertinent information to the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. The Wage and Hour Division will approve, modify, or disapprove the action or render a final determination in the event of disagreement within 30 days of receipt or will notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of receipt that additional time is necessary.
- (iii) The final determination of the conformance action by the Wage and Hour Division shall be transmitted to the Contracting Officer who shall promptly notify the Contractor of the action taken. Each affected employee shall be furnished by the Contractor with a written copy of such determination or it shall be posted as a part of the wage determination.
- (iv)(A) The process of establishing wage and fringe benefit rates that bear a reasonable relationship to those listed in a wage determination cannot be reduced to any single formula. The approach used may vary from wage determination to wage determination depending on the circumstances. Standard wage and salary administration practices which rank various job classifications by pay grade pursuant to point schemes or other job factors may, for example, be relied upon. Guidance may also be obtained from the way different jobs are rated under Federal pay systems (Federal Wage Board Pay System and the General Schedule) or from other wage determinations issued in the same locality. Basic to the establishment of any conformable wage rate(s) is the concept that a pay relationship should be maintained between job classifications based on the skill required and the duties performed.
- (B) In the case of a contract modification, an exercise of an option, or extension of an existing contract, or in any other case where a Contractor succeeds a contract under which the classification in question was previously conformed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause, a new conformed wage rate and fringe benefits may be assigned to the conformed classification by indexing (*i.e.*, adjusting) the previous conformed rate and fringe benefits by an amount equal to the average (mean) percentage increase (or decrease, where

52.244-1 [Reserved]

52.244-2 Subcontracts.

As prescribed in $\underline{44.204}$ (a)(1), insert the following clause:

SUBCONTRACTS (OCT 2010)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—
- "Approved purchasing system" means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with Part 44 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).
- "Consent to subcontract" means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.
- "Subcontract" means any contract, as defined in FAR <u>Subpart 2.1</u>, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.
- (b) When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only on unpriced contract actions (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (c) or (d) of this clause.
- (c) If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for any subcontract that—
- (1) Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or
 - (2) Is fixed-price and exceeds—
- (i) For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract; or
- (ii) For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.
- (d) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system, the Contractor nevertheless shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:
- (e)(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause, including the following information:
- (i) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.

- (ii) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.
 - (iii) Identification of the proposed subcontractor.
 - (iv) The proposed subcontract price.
- (v) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate certified cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.
- (vi) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract.
 - (vii) A negotiation memorandum reflecting—
- (A) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;
- (B) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;
- (C) The reason certified cost or pricing data were or were not required;
- (D) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price:
- (E) The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;
- (F) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and
- (G) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.
- (2) The Contractor is not required to notify the Contracting Officer in advance of entering into any subcontract for which consent is not required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause.
- (f) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination—
- (1) Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;
 - (2) Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or
- (3) To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.
- (g) No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR 15.404-4(c)(4)(i).

- (h) The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.
- (i) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR Subpart 44.3.
- (j) Paragraphs (c) and (e) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:

(End of clause)

Alternate I (June 2007). As prescribed in $\underline{44.204}$ (a)(2), substitute the following paragraph (e)(2) for paragraph (e)(2) of the basic clause:

(e)(2) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system and consent is not required under paragraph (c), or (d) of this clause, the Contractor nevertheless shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any (i) cost-plus-fixed-fee subcontract, or (ii) fixed-price subcontract that exceeds either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract. The notification shall include the information required by paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (e)(1)(iv) of this clause.

52.244-3 [Reserved]

52.244-4 Subcontractors and Outside Associates and Consultants (Architect-Engineer Services).

As prescribed in 44.204(b), insert the following clause:

SUBCONTRACTORS AND OUTSIDE ASSOCIATES AND CONSULTANTS (ARCHITECT-ENGINEER SERVICES)
(Aug 1998)

Any subcontractors and outside associates or consultants required by the Contractor in connection with the services covered by the contract will be limited to individuals or firms that were specifically identified and agreed to during negotiations. The Contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before making any substitution for these subcontractors, associates, or consultants.

(End of clause)

52.244-5 Competition in Subcontracting.

As prescribed in 44.204(c), insert the following clause:

COMPETITION IN SUBCONTRACTING (DEC 1996)

(a) The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the maximum practical

extent consistent with the objectives and requirements of the contract.

(b) If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the Department of Defense Pilot Mentor-Protégé Program (Pub. L. 101-510, section 831 as amended), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its protégés.

(End of clause)

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items.

As prescribed in 44.403, insert the following clause:

SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (FEB 2016)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—
- "Commercial item" has the meaning contained in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101, Definitions.
- "Subcontract" includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.
- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or non-developmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:
- (i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (OCT 2015) (41 U.S.C. 3509), if the subcontract exceeds \$5.5 million and has a performance period of more than 120 days. In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (ii) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5), if the subcontract is funded under the Recovery Act.
- (iii) <u>52.219-8</u>, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2014) (<u>15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2)</u> and (3)), if the subcontract offers further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include <u>52.219-8</u> in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iv) $\underline{52.222-21}$, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).
- (v) <u>52.222-26</u>, Equal Opportunity (APR 2015) (E.O. 11246).
- (vi) $\underline{52.222-35}$, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (OCT 2015) ($\underline{38}$ U.S.C. $\underline{4212(a)}$);
- (vii) <u>52.222-36</u>, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUL 2014) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (viii) <u>52.222-37</u>, Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).

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	7.305(c)		ပ	Yes	_	⋖	<												⋖	⋖		⋖	
A A	7.203		۵	S S	\times	⋖	<												⋖		⋖		
A A	7.404		ပ	Yes		∢	⋖											4	4	∢	A	А	
A A	8.1104(a)		ပ	Yes	_									,	4						A		
A A	8.1104(b)		ပ	Yes	_									`	4						⋖		
A A	8.1104(c)		၁	Yes	_									'	4						Α		
4 4	8.1104(d)		ပ	Yes										_	4						Α		
John Mark John Mark	8.505		S	o N	_	⋖	⋖											A	A	٧	A	Α	
No	8.005		ပ	Yes	_	4	⋖												Υ		A		
A A	9.206-2		၁	No	_	A	A		1		A			_	4				Α		A		
A A	<u>9.108-5</u> (a)		<u> </u>	Yes	ス	A	A											A	A	4	Υ	A	¥
A A	$\frac{9.308-1}{(b)(1)}$ and $\frac{(b)(1)}{(b)(1)}$		ပ	Yes	_	∢	0								₫				⋖		Υ		
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	$\frac{9.308-1}{(b)(2)}$ and $\frac{9.308-1}{(b)(2)}$	р	ပ	Yes	_		0								4				⋖		⋖		
C Ves - L A O O A A A O C Ves - L A O O O A A D O O C A C Ves - L A O O O A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C	$\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(3)}$ and $\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(3)}$	рі	ပ	Yes	_	⋖	0								4				⋖		⋖		
C Ves I A O A A O	$\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(1)}$ and $\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(1)}$	pu	O	Yes	_	⋖	0								4				⋖		⋖		
C Yes I A O A	$\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(2)}$ and $\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(2)}$	pu	ပ	Yes	_	⋖	0								4				٧		A		
	$\frac{9.308-2}{(b)(3)}$ and $\frac{(b)(3)}{(b)(3)}$	pı	O	Yes	_	⋖	0								✓				∢		⋖		

_																_
	ō			⋖	⋖	⋖										
	UTL	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	⋖			Α							A
	SAP			⋖	⋖	⋖				⋖	∢	∢	∢	⋖	Α	Α
	TRN	4	⋖	Υ	A	Υ			A				K			Α
	IND	⋖	⋖	Κ	⋖	Κ			Α	∢	⋖	∢	⋖		Α	Α
ACT	FAC	∢	⋖	Υ	A	Υ			A	⋖	⋖	⋖	K			Α
ONTR	A&E	A	V	A	٧	A			Α							А
E OF C	BDR	Α	٧	Υ	4	Υ			٧							А
RPOSE	SVC	٧	4	Υ	⋖	A			Α	⋖	⋖	∢	⋖			Α
or Pu	ΛWΠ	A	V	A	٧	A				⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖			А
AND/	т&м и	Α	٧	Υ	4	Υ			٧						Α	А
PRINCIPLE TYPE AND/OR PURPOSE OF CONTRACT	CON	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	⋖			Α							A
NCIPLE	FP	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖			Α	⋖	⋖	∢	⋖			4
PRII	CR SVC	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	⋖			A	⋖	⋖	∢	∢			A
	FP	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	⋖			Α	⋖	⋖	∢	∢			A
	CR R&D	⋖	⋖	Κ	⋖	⋖			Α	⋖	⋖	⋖	∢			A
	FP R&D	⋖	⋖	Κ	⋖	⋖			Α	⋖	⋖	∢	∢			A
	CR SUP	⋖	⋖	⋖	Κ	⋖			٧	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	ď	A	٧
	FP SUP	⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	∢			⋖	⋖	⋖	∢	⋖	ď	A	4
	UCF	×	_	ㅗ	_	_			_	_	_	_	_	-	٦	٦
	BR	8	Yes	2	Yes	Yes			Yes	S N	2	8	2	Yes	Yes	Yes
	P OR	۵	ပ	۵	ပ	ပ	Ь	Ь	ပ	۵	۵	۵	۵	ပ	Д	Д
	PRESCRIBED IN	$\frac{9.104-7}{}$ (a)	9.409	9.104-7(b)	9.104-7(c)(1)	9.108-5(b)	<u>9.104-7</u> (d)✓	<u>9.104-7</u> (e)✓	10.003	11.204(a)	11.204(b)	<u>11.204</u> (c)	11.204(d)	11.304	11.107(a)	<u>11.107</u> (b)
	PROVISION OR CLAUSE	52.209-5 Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters.	52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment.	52.209-7 Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.	52.209-9 Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.	52.209-10 Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.	52.209-11 Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.	52.209-12 Certification Regarding Tax Matters. ✓	52.210-1 Market Research.	52.211-1 Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29.	S2.211-2 Availability of Specifications, Standards, and Data Item Descriptions Listed in the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST).	52.211-3 Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.	Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Index Descriptions.	52.211-5 Material Requirements.	52.211-6 Brand Name or Equal.	52.211-7 Alternatives to Government-Unique Standards.

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PROVISION OR CLAUSE	PRESCRIBED IN	P OR C	IBR	UCF	SUP	CR SUP	FP C	CR FP R&D SVC	c SVC	E OO	S C C R	T&M LH	LMV	COM	DDR	A&E	FAC	IND	TRN	SAP	UTL	ō
52.211-8 Time of Delivery.	11.404(a)(2)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate I	11.404(a)(2)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate II	11.404(a)(2)	ပ	9	щ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate III	11.404(a)(2)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
52.211-9 Desired and Required Time of Delivery.	$\overline{11.404}(a)(3)$	ပ	_S	ட	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate I	11.404(a)(3)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate II	11.404(a)(3)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Alternate III	11.404(a)(3)	ပ	9	ш	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
52.211-10 Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work.	<u>11.404</u> (b)	ပ	Yes							<u>~</u>												
Alternate I	11.404(b)	ပ	Yes							2												
idated Damages— ices, or Research and	<u>11.503</u> (a)	ပ	Yes	_	0		0	0	_				0							0	0	
Development.																						
52.211-12 Liquidated Damages— Construction.	<u>11.503</u> (b)	ပ	Yes							0	0									0		
52.211-13 Time Extensions.	11.503(c)	ပ	Yes							4	4									4		
-14 Notice of Priority Rating for onal Defense, Emergency redness, and Energy Program	11.604(a)	۵	Yes	_	⋖	∢	∀	4	∢ .	⋖	4	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	4	⋖	A	4	∢	
Use.																						
52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.	11.604(b)	O	Yes	_	⋖	⋖	<	4	4	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	Υ	Υ	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	
52.211-16 Variation in Quantity.	11.703(a)	ပ	Yes	щ	⋖			A					⋖					٧		⋖		
52.211-17 Delivery of Excess Quantities.	<u>11.703(b)</u>	ပ	Yes	Щ	0								0					0		0		
52.211-18 Variation in Estimated Quantity.	<u>11.703</u> (c)	O	Yes							Υ										⋖		
52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Items.	<u>12.301(b)(1)</u>	۵	Yes	₹	⋖		⋖	⋖		Υ			⋖	⋖	⋖	Κ	⋖	⋖	Υ	⋖	⋖	œ
52,212-2 Evaluation—Commercial Items.	12.301(c)(1)	۵	_S	₹	0		0	0	_	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items.	<u>12.301(b)(2)</u>	۵	_S	₹	⋖		∢	⋖		⋖			⋖	⋖	⋖	Υ	Υ	Κ	Υ	⋖	⋖	œ
Alternate I	12.301(b)(2)	Д	No	NA	Α		Α	Α		Α			Α	A	A	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	۷
Alternate II	12.301(b)(2)	Ь	No	NA	Α		Α	А		А			Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α
52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items.	<u>12.301</u> (b)(3)	O	Yes	₹	⋖		∢	∢		⋖			⋖	∢	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	⋖	<u>~</u>
Alternate I	12.301(b)(3)	ပ	Yes	A A		П		H	\square	Н	Ш	⋖										4

										PRINC	;IPLE	TYPE /	ND/OF	PRINCIPLE TYPE AND/OR PURPOSE OF CONTRACT	OSE C	F Col	VTRAC	F				
PROVISION OR CLAUSE	PRESCRIBED IN	P OR	IBR	UCF	FP SUP	SUP	R&D	CR R&D	SVC	SVC	₽ S	C CR	T&M H	C C	COM D	DDR A&E	- N	FAC DE	ND HE	TRN SAP	P UTL SVC	5
52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items	; <u>12.301(b)(4)</u>	O	2	Ϋ́	∢		⋖		⋖		⋖			∢	∢	∢	<	4	۷ ۷	⋖	∢	∝
Alternate I	12.301(b)(4)(i)	ပ	8	Ϋ́	A		⋖		4		4			` 4	✓	` 4	` 4	4	+	A	-	~
Alternate II	12.301(b)(4)(ii)	ပ	S	Α̈́	4		4		4		4								٠ ٧	A	A	
52.213-1 Fast Payment Procedure.	13.404	ပ	Yes		٧									4				1	4	4	4	
<u>52.213-2</u> Invoices.	13.302-5(b)	ပ	Yes																	Α	_	
52.213-3 Notice to Supplier.	13.302-5(c)	ပ	Yes																	A	_	
52.213-4 Terms and Conditions— Simplified Acquisitions (Other Than Commercial Items).	13.302-5(d)	O	Yes																	4	4	
52.214-3 Amendments to Invitations for Bids.	14.201 - 6(b)(1)	۵	Yes	_	⋖				<		<			Α	4	⋖		1	Α	A	A	
52.214-4 False Statements in Bids.	14.201 - 6(b)(2)	Д	Yes	_	٧				⋖		4			Y V	ď	A		1	/ V	A	A	
52.214-5 Submission of Bids.	14.201-6(c)(1)	Д	Yes	_	٧				4		4			` 4	٠ ح	4		1	۷ ۷	4	4	
52.214-6 Explanation to Prospective Bidders.	14.201 - 6(c)(2)	۵	Yes	_	⋖				⋖		<			` ∢	∀.	Α		*	Α Α	⋖	⋖	
52.214-7 Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids.	<u>14.201-6</u> (c)(3)	۵	Yes	_	⋖				⋖		⋖			<	∢	⋖		4	∢	Υ	4	
52.214-10 Contract Award—Sealed Bidding.	14.201 - 6(e)	۵	Yes	_	⋖				<					Α	4	4			Α	4	4	
52.214-12 Preparation of Bids.	14.201-6(f)	۵	Yes	_	⋖				⋖					` ∀	Α	4		1	/ 4	⋖	⋖	
52.214-13 Telegraphic Bids.	14.201 - 6(g)(1)	Ь	Yes	_	Α				Α		Α			` V	A	A		1	/ 	Α	Α	
Alternate I	14.201 - 6(g)(2)	Ь	Yes	٦	Α																Α	
Sealed Bidding.	14.201-6(h)	Д	No	メ	A				A					, А	A A	A		1	Α Α	Υ	A	
52.214-15 Period for Acceptance of Bids.	14.201-6(i)	Д	Yes		A				٧					, А	٠ ح	A		1	Α	A	A	
52.214-16 Minimum Bid Acceptance Period.	14.201-6(j)	۵	N _o	×	٧				٧					У	Υ 4	A		1	<i>Y</i>	4	A	
52.214-18 Preparation of Bids—Construction.	14.201-6(1)	Д	Yes								A											
52.214-19 Contract Award—Sealed Bidding—Construction.	14.201-6(m)	Д	Yes								A				,	۷.						
<u>52.214-20</u> Bid Samples.	14.201-6(0)(1)	Ь	Yes	_	Α				Α					A				1	Α			
Alternate I	14.201-6(o)(2)(i)	Ь	Yes	٦	Α				Α					Α				1	Α			
Alternate II	14.201-6(0)(2)(ii)	Ъ	Yes	_	⋖				⋖					A				1	V			
52.214-21 Descriptive Literature.	14.201 - 6(p)(1)	Ь	Yes	_	Α				A					A				1	A			
Alternate I	14.201 - 6(p)(2)	Д	8	_	4				A									4				
52.214-22 Evaluation of Bids for Multiple Awards.	14.201-6(q)	Д	Yes	Σ	4				⋖		⋖			Υ Κ	×	Ψ.		_	Α	Α		